The Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 2. VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, MARCH 5, 1886. No. 229

A. GILMORE.

Special Notice--Great Clearing Sale

—OF—

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

PREVIOUS TO STOCK-TAKING.

For the next ten days we will sell Overcoats, Men's and Boys' Clothing at such a reduction in prices as cannot fail to attract attention.

If you want Cheap Clothing now is your opportunity for securing bargains for ten days only.

This is a genuine sale—at least 20 per ct. less than regular prices.

☞ *Come and see for yourself.*

A. GILMORE, Merchant Tailor and Clothier, Johnson Street.

REAL ESTATE.

RAND BROS.,

Real Estate Brokers, Financial and Insurance Agents.

OFFICES:

VICTORIA, - - - - - - - - - - Fort Street.
NEW WESTMINSTER, - - - - - - Columbia Street.
VANCOUVER, - - - - - - - - - Water Street.

Property in all parts of the Province for sale.
Fine residence or business property in Victoria and New Westminster.
Complete Maps and Price Lists of all lands for sale at Coal Harbor.
Investments made for non-residents.
Farms in the Fraser Valley.
☞ MONEY TO LOAN. feb27

This space reserved for the

Palace Cigar and Tobacco Emporium,

GOVERNMENT STREET.

feb27

Wanted.

Advertisements under this head, three insertions 50 cents: six insertions, 75 cents.

WANTED—Boy to work at the Hosiery Manufactory. Inquire at the Sewing Machine office, Fort street. mar1 tf

WANTED—Man and wife, no children; wife to cook and do general housework, man to take care of horses.
Apply to British Columbia Employment Bureau and Business Agency, Fort street, between Broad and Douglas, Victoria. mar1 6t

WANTED—Good Milker; take care of horses and farm work, $25 to $30. Young man to take care of horses and general work, $20; Man to work in Lumber Yard, $40.
Apply at the British Columbia Employment Bureau and Business Agency, Fort street, between Broad and Douglas streets. mar1 6t

WANTED.—Woman, good cook, washer and general housework, $30. Woman, second Cook, for country, $25. Girl, general work in country hotel, $15. Woman to do general housework and attend store, $20.
Apply to British Columbia Employment Bureau and Business Agency, Fort street, between Broad and Douglas. mar1 6t

WANTED—Two Waiters wanted immediately at the Oriental Hotel, Yates street. Apply in person. feb25 1w

WANTED—A smart, active boy, with fair English education, to learn the Printing business. Apply at THE TIMES office. feb26

WANTED.—Two or three experienced Tailoresses. Good wages paid to first class hands. Apply to "T. T." New Westminster. mar1 tf

For Sale.

FOR SALE—GROCERY STORE, very good location, rent $25, with house in fine running order; house already water free. Average cash trade $30 a day. Apply to Pickering & Co., Fort st., between Broad and Douglas. mar1 6t

FOR SALE.—Two second hand Pianos, one upright and one square; both overstrung; in good condition, and bargains for cash. Apply to O. H. Goodwin, Piano Maker and Tuner, Fort st., P. O., City. mar1 6t

FARM FOR SALE.—80 acres, nearly cleared; all fenced; 60 acres under cultivation; all buildings, stock, orchard. House licensed, doing a good trade. Stock of liquors, cigars, all furnished. Hay, grain, etc.
Apply to Pickering & Co., Fort street, between Broad and Douglas, Victoria. mar1 6t

FOR SALE.—An extensive business in running order; everything complete; horse, wagon, three acres of land. House and Long Lease to good parties. Would suit man of family.
Apply to Pickering & Co., Fort street, between Broad and Douglas street. mar1 6t

FOR SALE—A cooking range nearly new, suitable for a hotel. Apply at the Garnet's Head, Easton street. mar1 6t

FOR SALE.—Hog Farm, well stocked and in good running order. Plenty of land, House and wagon, etc. PICKERING & CO.
Fort street, between Broad and Douglas streets. feb26

FOR SALE.—A Screw Piper, in good order, suitable for a country shop. Also Bricks and Castings to fit Cumming Stoves. Apply to R. C. Wilson, corner Johnson and Blanchard streets. feb22 1m

FOR SALE.—The International Hotel, Esquimalt, with Furniture belonging to the same. Bar Fixtures, Billiard Table, &c. A well 40 ft. deep with pump. Outhouses, &c. The Hotel has accommodation for 50 people. For further particulars apply to S. Jones, Dominion Hotel, Yates street. dec20 tf

To Let.

FOR RENT.—Several Furnished Rooms; also, two rooms and a kitchen. Apply Quadra street, between Yates and View streets, or at the office. mar1 1w

FOR RENT.—A desirable 8-roomed residence on Fatham street, near Government. Rent $25 per month, including water. Apply to Mrs. Shakespeare, corner of Broad and View streets. feb23 tf

FOR RENT.—HOUSE OF FIVE ROOMS, conveniently located to rent for $15 per month, water included. The furniture of the same house for sale at $175.
Apply at Terminal Land Office, corner of Douglas and Yates streets. dec8 tf

Meetings to be Held.

THE KNIGHTS OF LABOR will hold their Regular Weekly Meeting at Harmony Hall every Saturday Evening. A full attendance is requested. dec24

ST. ANDREWS and CALEDONIAN Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Fort Streets, on the FIRST FRIDAY of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
sep 1-ly W. H. MASON, Secretary.

THE Y. W. C. T. U. OF VICTORIA MEETS every third Monday in each month at Temperance Hall, on Pandora st., at 7.30 p. m. A good programme and sociable time at every meeting. Strangers cordially invited. no5-1

AN ENTERTAINMENT IS GIVEN AT TEMperance Hall every Saturday evening. Good Temperance speakers and Musical Selections, with Recitations, forming a good programme. The Blue Ribbon Band will be in attendance. All are cordially invited. Chair taken at 7.30 o'clock precisely. HENRY BUDGE, President.

Æsthetic Flowers,

BEAUTIFUL ANNUALS, Etc.

6 packages Esthetic flower seeds assorted for - - - - - 50c
14 packages Annuals seeds consisting of Asters, Stocks, Phlox, Drummonds, &c., for - - - - - $1 00
7 packages Seeds for cemetery purposes for - - - - - 50c
7 packages Immortelle and Ornamental grass seeds for - - - - - 50c

On receipt of price any of the above seeds will be forwarded, post-age free to any address.
Purchasers may rely upon these seeds, as they are all of my own raising, and being acclimated are far superior to imported seeds. Address:
J. MOSS, Florist, Victoria, B. C.
Residence, Johnson St. near Blanchard St.
feb 22 3m

DONALDSON'S

CALEDONIA WASHING POWDER

This preparation has been tried by our customers and found to give the best satisfaction, excelling all others.

We can safely recommend it to the public as possessing qualities known to be UNRIVALLED.

ALSO—

The Self-Feeding Shoe Brush.

THE SELF-FEEDING SHOE BRUSH

Sole Agents for British Columbia.

J. & J. FLETT, Grocers,
Corner Fort and Douglas Streets.

Empire Brewery.

HENNING PETERS, late of the Lion Brewery is now prepared to supply the trade and families with all kinds of

Beer, Ale and Porter.

The Brewery is situated on Spring Ridge, and is built over a well of pure, ever running spring water. This fact enables us to manufacture the very finest brands, equal to any imported Ale, Beer and Porter.

The machinery used is of latest pattern, the ingredients are pure water, malt and hops, and a trial is only necessary to convince that the brands are the finest manufactured in the Province.

All orders for city supply, or for shipment to Island or Mainland points will receive prompt attention and a satisfactory article furnished.

HENNING PETERS,
Empire Brewery,
Store: Ridge, Victoria, B. C.

LABORERS WANTED.

25 White Laborers

Are wanted at the Dry Dock immediately.
Apply to LARKIN, CONNOLLY & CO.
mar3 On the Works.

ENGLISH BAY LAND SALE

Notwithstanding its indiscreet and reckless utterances, the pluck of the evening bantling entitles it to a modicum of admiration. Having uttered a falsehood, with a zeal worthy of a better cause, it wriggles in the most abject manner, in the effort to sustain its veracity. But having once entered the slough of deception the further our contemporary goes the deeper it gets into the mud. In reply to our flagellations of Wednesday last, wherein it was shown that instead of realizing the hundreds and thousands which the premier and his lieutenant claimed these lands would net the province, the total sum realized after deducting expenses of sale, cost of survey and allowance for streets, was only $48 per acre—instead of over $1000 as claimed by the *Post*, and $900 by the *Colonist*! The senior organ remains as dumb as an oyster and keeps its few readers in Egyptian darkness on the subject, while its evening shadow retorts to our strictures as follows:

"Some time since we stated that the town lots at English Bay on the 18th of January last, averaged something over $1000 per acre. * * * Our statement referred to town lots, and had nothing to do with either suburban lots or streets; and if our contemporary will take the trouble to obtain *reliable information* he will find that our figures were correct."

Here again we have additional evidence that the returns presented to the Assembly by the government are deemed by its subsidized organs to be correct. We distinctly disclaim any responsibility for the figures given in the return of the Hon. John Ronsos. At present we are not dealing with his veracity, but with the document that gentleman brought down in response to an address to His Honor the Lieut.-Governor in reference to the sale in question, neither are we responsible for the wording of the resolution adopted by the Assembly in respect thereof. We accept, and with regret, these documents as the evidence upon which the government must be tried for the bungling manner in which the people's inheritance was handled. The area disposed of according to the government's own return, which we fear is only too correct, the total acreage sold in lots was about 98 acres; for street allowances 160 acres are given as the quantity utilized for street purposes, a total area of 258 acres. The expense of the sale is placed at $805.96 and the survey "estimated" to cost $3000. Deduct this $3805.96, from the total proceeds of the sale, given as $16,188, and the net result to the province for its 258 acres is $12,382, or in actual figures $48 per acre! The government claims $145.84 as the price netted. The decision thus arrived at is for 98 acres, with a certain percentage thrown in for street allowances. We prefer to adhere to the wording of the resolution in this discussion, and from that standpoint we will not allow neither the government nor its hirelings to depart. The total acreage alienated and the aggregate amount realized, less the expenses of the sale, form the topic for this discussion, and the government and its claquers may argue till dooms-day but the above result they cannot change.

A STARTLING EXHIBIT.

Yesterday afternoon a document purporting to be the "balance sheet of the Province of British Columbia as per Treasury accounts for the half year ending 31st December, 1885," was laid before the members of the Assembly. At present we can but briefly record the fact, and that whereas on the 30th of last June the balance of assets over liabilities to the credit of the province, according to the balance sheet submitted with the public accounts, was $43,763.76, the balance against the province on the 31st December last was $129,454.23. Adding the sum appearing to the credit of the province on the 30th of last June, $49,763.76, to the shortage of $129,454.23, we find that the government has allowed the machine to *run behind to the extent of $179,217.99 in six months!*—a result that the *Colonist* claims for the government credit, which the public will readily accord it, of being the most reckless, spendthrift set of incapables this or any other country was troubled with. Of course JAMES—honest fellow that he is—will join in the chorus and proclaim it the best government British Columbia ever had. And order for a few dozen axe handles at at $1 apiece may be looming in the distance; while Mr. R. DUNSMUIR will threaten to shut his pockets if a change is hinted at, and other equally servile supporters will gulp any pill no matter how bitter or savory the government may set before them. Still extravagance and maladministration will go on; but the electors have to foot the bills. It will be their innings shortly; then for the great change!

Is your hair turning gray and gradually falling out? Hall's Hair Renewer will restore it to its original color, and stimulate the follicles to produce a new and luxuriant growth. It also cleanses the scalp, eradicates dandruff, and is a most agreeable and harmless dressing.

ADVOCATES THUGISM.

The sun-setting luminary in the pay of the government advocates the propriety of the Premier putting an end to what it is pleased to term the "senseless and expensive tactics of the opposition" in asking for departmental returns. Fortunately for the province, the principle of responsible government guarantees to the minority the same rights and prerogatives as those claimed by the government and its followers. In this connection it may be well to ask what are the functions of an opposition? Are they not elected by the people to watch the government in its administration of the affairs in this province? Is it not their privilege—nay their bounden duty—to insist upon obtaining the fullest information in relation to every subject that may come up for discussion, as well as any other matter in which the country may be interested? No matter how good the government may be, or the degree of perfection claimed for it by its supporters, it requires to be watched with the greatest vigilance by the opposition. If known to be a weak, vacilating, corrupt concern—as is the present government—it is the privilege of the opposition to formulate such charges against these incapables as may help to eject them from office—as they most certainly will be at the next general election. Every free government, every government of the people by the people, must be carried on by parties—the ins and the outs. This is an elementary truth that springs from the constitution of human nature. In impulses, judgments and ideas men disagree, and the essence of freedom is that this very disagreement should be expressed without qualification, equivocation or restraint. Thus, then it is that in all free, self-governing countries politics is made up of the conflicting conclusions and struggles of disagreeing parties. While we do not give our premier much credit for a profundity of knowledge—his conduct and behaviour in the Assembly has demonstrated that on many points in political ethics and economy he is woefully ignorant—he dare not accept, nor act upon the advice rendered him so flippantly by one of his organs who pay no more regard to the truth than did the notorious Ananias referred to in ancient writ.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

The Debate on the Address—Animated Discussion—Blake on the Riel Question.

The proceedings in the Dominion parliament last Friday were very exciting. Mr. Everetts, of St. John, moved, and Mr. Ward, of East Durham, seconded the reply to address. Mr. Blake replied in behalf of the opposition in one of his characteristic speeches. Referring to the Northwest troubles and the treatment accorded the Indians since the suppression of the rebellion, the hon. gentleman said:

It has been rumored that some of the supporters of honorable gentlemen opposite who differ from them on the single question of the judicial proceedings propose to introduce that subject at this time by challenging the judgment of the House on an amendment. I do not on this question, even among my friends, assume to speak as a party leader, and I have certainly no right to give advice to honorable gentlemen opposite; but as a member of the House, interested in a convenient mode of conducting business, I beg leave to deprecate any such proceeding. The proper course is to give the administration an opportunity of producing papers, and then at the earliest day afterwards let that subject be discussed. He then continued at length, passing the various topics that came within his scope.

Sir John replied with great warmth of feeling. He charged the Liberal party with disloyalty, and assailed Hon. Mr. Laurier to such a degree that the protection of the Speaker had to be invoked. He defended the National Policy and the conduct of the government generally.

Sir Peter Cartwright alluded to the appalling deficit of $5,100,000 for the first six months of the year and predicted that the total deficit for the year would be at least $8,000,000.

Mr. Peter Mitchell, spoke for a few minutes, advocating (amid cheers) the abolition of the duties on breadstuffs, and coal, and a reduction of the cotton duty.

Mr. Davies gave his views forcibly on the fisheries question, exposing the inactivity of the government, resulting in a sacrifice of the interests of that great industry.

POLICE COURT.

(Before Edwin Johnson, Esq., S. M.)

Mee Egwan, a Chinaman, was arrested at six o'clock last night by Officer Walker, when attempting to commit suicide by throwing himself in the harbor. He had made several attempts and was pulled back by white men. Prisoner told the interpreter that he had sent to China for his family and the friend entrusted with the money to bring them out had defrauded him. The despair resulting from the loss had impelled him to end his days, but now he was all right and would behave himself in future like a Christian. The magistrate informed the prisoner that it was just as illegal for him to take his own life as it was to kill the court, at which the disconsolate Chinaman smiled all over. He was allowed to go.

The gaol-breakers Sufferin, Holloway, Martin and Wilson—were committed to stand their trial at the next assizes.

It is spring. A resurrection of nature's latent forces is taking place. Like the world around you, renew your complexion, invigorate your powers, cleanse the channels of life. Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the means to use for this purpose.

Merchants who desire to cater for the upper country trade should advertise in the WEEKLY TIMES; cheap rates and largest circulation.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Fourth Session—Fourth Parliament.

TWENTY-SECOND DAY—CONTINUED.

THURSDAY, March 4.

ENGLISH BAY LANDS.

Hon. R. Beaven, continuing, said the lithographed maps were at the sale were perfectly worthless, and the manner in which the sale had been conducted was illegal and unwise. The sale was held in the fall and was a miserable failure as far as the views of the government were concerned. The Provincial Secretary had prophecied that there was millions in those lands, and that they would sell for $500 per acre. But the return brought down showed that the net price realized was $145 per acre, and the most valuable part of the property—the water frontage—had been disposed of. The estimated cost of the survey was placed at $3000, but with some knowledge of what surveys cost, he doubted if it could be made for that sum. The sale, viewed in any way hon. members like, was a most unwise one and it may yet be found that it would give rise to great difficulties, as it was unquestionable that the lands referred to were part of the naval reserves. He hoped the House would register its disapproval of the illegal acts of the government on this important question.

Hon. Mr. Smithe said the motion was a very proper one to bring by a member of the opposition, as it was a vote of censure on the government. He was astonished, however, that the hon. leader of the opposition should move the resolution when he considered what course he had taken when in power. There was no express authority conferred by the act of 1884 for the sale of city lots, but was there any more authority in previous acts when the hon. gentleman was in office. Although no such power was contained in any former act, he found that in 1874 the Hon. Mr. Beaven had given instructions to his subordinates to proceed to the town of Hastings and lay out city lots two chains by one chain. There was no more authority then than there was now for such surveys, but whatever authority then existed now exists. It was not until the year 1879 that any statutory authority was given to survey lands, although the right was exercised by Governor Douglas and others previous to the passage of the law of 1879. In 1874 and 1875 lots were sold at private sale by the honorable gentleman, at $100 per lot, and he wanted to know where he got his authority to make those sales or to fix an arbitrary upset price. Whatever has been done by the present government—if it be worthy of censure—has been done by every government since early days. The hon. gentleman no doubt acted in the best interests of the public, and thought he had the right to sell. In 1876, Mr. Vernon completed the survey of Hastings townsite, and in 1877 Mr. Dewdney was sent to survey the towns of Granville and Hope into lots and blocks. Under the Walkem *regime*, in 1879, the town of Glenora was surveyed in the same manner by Mr. Ralph. There had already been a survey made of that town in 1874 by Mr. Evans, and he failed to understand why the Chief Commissioner of that day should go to the great expense of making another. The present government, considering the public interests of paramount importance, had offered the lands at English Bay for sale by auction. The sale could not have taken place earlier. The price obtained was not lower than had been estimated. Some of it brought as high as $1000 per acre, and we have five-sixths of that portion (the water frontage) still left, and at the earliest opportunity the government will again hold a sale. At the time his hon. friend, the Provincial Secretary, was speaking he thought he was over-estimating the amount to be derived from the sale of those lands, but the result had shown that he had not done so. Last year and the year before the government had disposed of city lots, and as a doubt existed as to their authority an act was passed last session confirming those sales and giving them power to sell town, city and suburban lots at public auction.

Mr. Beaven—What about the right of survey?

Hon. Mr. Smithe—There was not a word about survey! The lines had been established at English Bay and in the spring each lot would be mapped out. The survey could not have been profitably made in November, and so it was determined to leave it until the spring.

Mr. Orr did not think it was a matter for the consideration of this House whether former governments had done illegal acts or not. The question was, did this government do right? If the government had no statutory authority for the course they had taken, they had done wrong; if they had that authority they did right. The confirmation act passed last session only referred to the sale of lots in James Bay and did not establish the right to survey and sell other lands. He had always held that the lands on English Bay, set apart for naval reserves, could not be dealt with by this government, and he was still of that opinion.

Mr. Dunsmuir said he was in a position to prove that the naval authorities did not want the 780 acres of land at English Bay. The Colonial office wanted to get possession in order to turn it over to the C. P. R.

Mr. Galbraith said after the admission of the Chief Commissioner—that there was no authority for the survey—there was very little to say, as he had practically given up the case. To strengthen his position, he said: "We have been guilty of doing something wrong, but hon. gentlemen opposite had done something worse." But why did the hon. leader of the government, when in opposition, not bring in a vote of censure of the then government of the day. He was ever vigilant when on this side and he, the speaker, was surprised that he had only discovered now that Mr. Beaven had acted illegally. All he has to claim in defence is that he has an order of council to back him up in the course taken. In the sale of James Bay lots, the government found it was necessary to bring in a bill to legalize the sale. Reference had been made to the Hastings sale, and it had been asserted that the prices obtained were unsatisfactory, as compared with sales by the present government; but there was not a purchaser of those lots who would not readily sell them now for the prices paid. The Provincial Secretary had made a very serious mistake in prophesying that English Bay lands would this year bring $2 4,000. The returns brought down showed that for the first six months only $28,000 had been realized. He hoped, in the interest of

(Continued on 4th page.)

CABLE DESPATCHES.

THE IRISH QUESTION.

Debate on Holmes' Motion—The Motion Withdrawn—The Parnellites Satisfied.

LONDON, March 5.—In the House of Commons yesterday, Lord Randolph Churchill justified Holmes' motion on the ground that there was danger Gladstone would lull the country to torpor. He said he was unable to conceal the fact that he once hoped the Tories might co-operate with the Parnellites on the Lands and Educational questions. There was no reason why the Parnellites, on finding parliament opposed to repeal, should not join either the Liberals or Conservatives. He now found he omitted from his calculations the fact that Gladstone was willing to repeal the union. He challenged any member of the government to deny the policy proposed meant repeal. Receiving no reply he continued, saying there were two executives in Ireland, the National League being the stronger. A motion to adjourn the debate was rejected by 354 to 160. Lord Hartington and Sir Henry James supported the government. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach remarked that in view of the silence of ministers, Conservatives were satisfied with the result of the protest made.

Gladstone, speaking on Holmes' motion, chaffingly declined to fall into the trap set for him. He said he was not such a simpleton as to yield to the artful allurements of his opponents. He had already stated the government were considering the question of social order in Ireland, the land question and the question of future government in Ireland. These subjects were inextricably associated. The government were really entitled to three months time for preparation of Irish measures. Gladstone characterized Holmes' attack as one of the feeblest ever made upon the executive branch of the government. The introduction of the motion was really tantamount to justifying coercion to which the government would be no party. If the late government proposed coercion the mere proposal would be followed by disastrous consequences. Referring to sneering allusions to Davitt and the Leagues denunciation of outrages, Gladstone said he was glad to hear Davitt preaching order, and was delighted to find the League mending its manners. Holmes' motion was withdrawn. The Parnellites admit Gladstone's speech to be very brilliant, and express themselves highly satisfied with it. In an interview, Healy, Nationalist, said it was evident that Gladstone was determined to fulfill his pledge on the lines of his Midlothian manifesto. If he should be compelled to throw overboard Mr. Chamberlain and other members of his cabinet, Gladstone's speech contained no definite expression of his *modus operandi*, but Parnellites would be perfectly satisfied with the result of the division to-night.

THE QUEEN IN PUBLIC.

LONDON, March 5.—Information from official sources indicate that the Queen has been persuaded to modify her determination to remain in retirement. She promised to be present at the public ceremonies at the laying of the corner stone of the new College of Physicians, driving the first pile of the new Tower Bridge, and at the opening of the Colonial Exhibition. Her Majesty, however, decisively declined to hold court at Buckingham Palace even for a short period in the spring.

ADMINISTRATION OF INDIA.

LONDON, March 5.—In the House of Lords yesterday afternoon Earl Kimberly, Secretary for India, gave notice that he would submit a motion for the appointment of a committee to inquire into the administration of the government in India.

CONSERVATIVE OVERTURES TO PARNELLITES.

LONDON, March 4.—Sir Wm. Hardike, speaking at Erith to-night, emphatically denied that Conservative leaders made overtures to Parnellites in connection with the Rome Rule question.

RIOT COMPENSATION BILL.

LONDON, March 4.—The Riot Compensation bill was read a second time on Sexton's motion. A committee was appointed to ascertain the best methods of developing trade and industry in Ireland.

SERVIA DISARMS.

LONDON, March 4.—Servia has formally notified the Porte of her intention to disarm.

THE FRENCH PRINCES.

PARIS, March 4.—Amid great excitement the Chamber of Deputies this evening rejected a motion for the immediate expulsion of the French Princes from France. The vote against the measure was 315 to 156. M. DeFreycinet led the opposition. His argument was a cogent statement of reasons why such an extreme expedient was unnecessary at the present time. "The proposed expulsions," declared DeFreycinet, "is needless after the electoral victories gained by the Republic, France. In the midst of a commercial and industrial crisis, the depression in trade will not be remedied by the expulsion of Princes. Let us grapple with more pressing questions. France requires to be calm now." M. Clemenceau after this boldly maintained that the Princes were conspiring against the Republic and that the Republic should expel them as a legitimate means of defense. The house simply overwhelmed him with its majority of 159. The debate then continued on other motions before the Chamber concerning the Princes. M. Rivet proposed to leave to the government the initiative of the question of the expulsion of the Princes. This was rejected. An order of the day expressing confidence in the capacity of the government to deal with the question, was adopted.

ARREST OF OREGON CITY MOTHERS.

PORTLAND, March 4.—Twelve men identified as being in the Oregon City mob on the night of February 21st, were arrested to-day by the United States marshal. All waived examinations and were held in $3000 bonds each. Ten gave bonds and two are in jail. The grand jury has been called to meet on March 23d.

ALASKA'S NEW JUDGE.

Judge Dawson, from Missouri, arrived in this city from the south this morning en route to Alaska, where he will assume the duties of Judge for that territory, in room of Judge Dawa who recently skipped the country. Judge Dawson will embark by the Idaho, which is expected to leave for the north this afternoon.

GOSNELL'S SUGAR CURED HAMS are now ready at his store, corner Cormorant and Douglas streets.

DOMINION DISPATCHES.

CANADA'S FISHERIES.

A Significant Move—Will it be a War Cloud?

TORONTO, March 5.—The Department of Marine and Fisheries has called for tenders for the charter of six swift sailing vessels of between sixty and one hundred tons registered tonnage, to be employed by the Fisheries police, for use on the coast of Canada. These vessels to be employed in conjunction with such of the government steamers as the department may designate in protecting the rights of Canadian fishermen within the three-mile limit of the coast of Canada.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

THE CHINESE QUESTION.

The People of Canton Threaten to Retaliate on Europeans for the Chinese Outrages on the Pacific Coast.

NEW YORK, March 4.—The *Herald's* Washington special says the following cablegram has been received by the Chinese Minister from the Governor-General of Canton, dated Feb. 25, 1886:—"A cablegram has been received from the Chinese merchants at San Francisco, stating that the Chinese in the United States have been outrageously attacked. Hearing this news Canton people are furious and retaliation is threatened. How does the American government act in such matters? Can you not ask the President to adopt measures for the protection of the Chinese there and for the prevention of these inhuman acts, in order to preserve the good friendship of the two countries, otherwise the consequences may be serious."

BROOKLYN AND NEW YORK'S CAR STRIKE.

NEW YORK, March 5, 3:30 a. m.—All the morning papers agree that all surface roads are to be stopped at 4 o'clock. The following is an official order which was issued to-night by the Executive Board of the Empire Protection Association: "To all Local Assemblies and their members in the jurisdiction of the city of New York, greeting: Brethern—You are hereby ordered to stop all work, in whatever capacity employed, to-day at 4 o'clock, and to remain idle until all grievances are settled to the satisfaction of your brethern on the dry dock and the Atlantic Avenue Railway Co., in Brooklyn, same to be approved by the executive board.

LATER.

NEW YORK, March 5, 6 a. m.—The grand tie up of all the surface lines of the city ordered by the Executive Board of the Empire Protection association took place this morning, and no car is running at 4:20 o'clock. The first car for the day on the Sixth avenue road should have left the depot at Forty-Third street. The car did not do so, and as the night men arrived with their cars they ran them into the stables. The men stood around quietly and laughed and chatted in the best of humor and did not attempt to resort to any violence.

It was said at police headquarters today that Presidents of car companies were holding a general meeting this morning, and it was the general opinion that they will advise Mr. Richardson and directors of the Dry Dock, East Broadway and Battery Railroad companies to accede to the demands of the men. At least 1500 men ceased labor this morning at 6 o'clock. Not a street car was running on Manhattan Island.

A RECEPTION TO GENERAL POPE.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3.—Major General John Pope, U.S.A., was to-night tendered a reception by the California Commandery of the Loyal Legion in the parlors of the Occidental Hotel. About 50 gentlemen, mostly army officers, were present. The affair was genial and pleasant in every particular.

THE MISSING TEN THOUSAND.

Nothing has been learned to indicate who is strictly responsible for the $10,000 which has been found missing from the vault of the Sub-Treasury in this city. It has been asserted, however, that the money was abstracted from a package of $10 greenbacks, from which 2000 $10 bills were taken and 2000 $5 bills substituted.

A SEVERE SENTENCE.

Robert Mitchell, convicted in Oakland of assault with a deadly weapon on Hermine Loberane, was sentenced to-day by Judge Gibson to two years in San Quentin Prison and to pay a fine of $2000 with the alternative of imprisonment at the rate of one day for every dollar of fine until the whole is paid. If the fine is not paid, the sentence is equivalent to thirteen years all but fifteen days. The Court in passing sentence said that the crime was without excuse. He gave no weight whatever to the recommendation to mercy by the jury.

THE NATIONAL ROUTE.

General Traffic Superintendent Olds, of the C. C. R., Speaks.

Mr. Geo. Olds, of the Canadian Pacific, writes to the *Alta California*, from Montreal, under date 23d Feb., giving the following particulars of the road: The rails are of the best English steel, and weigh 70 pounds to the yard, being much heavier than those of any other Pacific line. The ties are 9 feet long, and are laid 3000 to the mile. As to its capabilities, the first train passing over it after the track was connected made the run from Port Moody to Montreal—2885 miles—in 4 days and 22 hours. Ten days after the last rail was laid a shipment of naval stores was sent through from Quebec to Port Moody—3047 miles—in six days, 11 hours and 5 minutes. The track was connected in November, when the season was too far advanced to complete the ballasting and the necessary sidings, buildings, water tanks and other facilities necessary to operation. This was the only reason why the line was not opened immediately for traffic. The directors started out in the beginning to make the Canadian Pacific Railroad the best of all the Pacific railways, and they have never swerved from their intention. They have expended millions in putting its operation every day in the year beyond a doubt. It will not be many weeks hence when the public will have an opportunity to judge of the character of the line and convincing proofs of the capacity of the Canadian Pacific Railroad to keep open and to operate its lines during 365 days of every year."

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Friday, March 5, 1886.

THE DAILY TIMES,
Published daily and weekly by the
VICTORIA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY Ld.
OFFICE—Yates Street, next to Frank Campbell's Corner.

DAILY TIMES delivered in all parts of the city by carrier, at 25 cents per week.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line, solid nonpareil: First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line for each insertion. No advertisement in this classification inserted for less than 25c.

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business—published at the following rate per line space of solid nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisement:—
More than two days and not more than one week, 20 cents.
More than one week and not more than one fortnight, 30 cents.
More than one fortnight and not more than one month, 40 cents.
No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2, and accepted only for every day insertion.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS, Classified, 10 cents per word per month. No card inserted for less than $2.00.

Notices inserted amongst regular reading matter items, 15 cents per line for each and every insertion.

Where cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on wood.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of specified period will be charged the same as if continued for full time.

THE WEEKLY TIMES
is published every Friday morning, is an excellent readable family journal, sent to all parts of Canada and the United States free of postage.

THE WEEKLY TIMES, per year $2.00
" " six months 1.25

TERMS—Strictly in advance.

Special Rates for WEEKLY TIMES

TO ADVERTISERS.—Changes for advertisements for the Daily edition must be handed in to this office not later than 10 a. m. on the morning of publication; otherwise insertion cannot be guaranteed.

Address, THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria, B. C.

J. C. McLAGAN, Manager.

PAUPER EMIGRATION.

The Hon. JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN President of the Local Board in the GLADSTONE government, knows the opinions of the colonies on the pauper labor question better than many of our own statesmen, who, like Sir CHARLES TUPPER, our own commissioner in London, have invited England to discharge her unemployed and her idle on our shores, representing this country as one in which comparative wealth could easily be obtained. Mr. CHAMBERLAIN, however, in reply to a deputation of workingmen who waited upon him to ascertain what the government proposed doing to reduce the present distress, said that he was hostile to emigration as a means of relief. One of the chief reasons for this hostility was that the colonies refused to welcome large numbers of paupers because among other things their influx would cheapen labor. The honorable gentleman never made a more sensible remark. The colonies do not want pauper emigrants mainly because they are paupers. They come here with an idea that Canada having assisted in bringing them across is in some way bound to see them clothed, fed, and placed in comfortable positions. They are, by reason of their training, peculiarly unfitted for participating in a struggle for existence in Canada, and are speedily relegated to their level. Here and there, some individuals, whom misfortune prevented from rising in England come to the top, but the vast majority of the imported immigrants go to swell the ranks of the class in the cities, which lives from hand to mouth, and supplies most of our criminals. For the trained mechanic, and above all for the skilled agricultural laborer, there is room in Canada. But even to them, comfort and abundance will only come as a result of hard, earnest, and intelligent labor. The pauper class, half of whom never worked in their life, and never will, would find that Canada is but little better than England for a lazy man. Mr. CHAMBERLAIN could have said nothing which would have more thoroughly met the views of the average Canadian. He disapproves of pauper emigration. So does Canada. He wants his fellow-countrymen to remain in England. So do we, or at least we do not want them to come to our country. The Canadians and the Radical member for Birmingham are entirely agreed on this point.

ONTARIO'S LIQUOR TRAFFIC.

In the Ontario Assembly on the 25th ult. the Hon. Mr. HARDY, Provincial Secretary, introduced the government's measure for the better regulation of the liquor traffic in that province. Mention of the bill was made in the telegraphic despatches to THE TIMES a few days ago. The new bill provides for a much more rigid enforcement of the law, and offences against the act will be punished by fines of not less than $50 or more than $100 for the first offence, four months' imprisonment for the second and six months' imprisonment for the third—both these two latter without the option of a fine. It also gives further power for searching for liquor, and adopts for this purpose the provisions of the Gambling Act in a somewhat modified form. With regard to grocery licenses the partition between the two parts of the establishment is to be allowed, but any means of communication of any kind or sort whatever is to be punished by a fine of $20 a day during its continuance. Toronto is to have an inspector-in-chief, and an inspector is also to be appointed for each of the two divisions to act under him. With regard to Sunday selling, if any person other than a member of the household be admitted to the bar it shall be an offence under the law, and the person so admitted shall be punishable for having committed a misdemeanor. A provincial inspector is to be appointed with power to administer oaths and travel through the province settling disputes. Finally, the scale of fees set forth in the budget speech and in the resolutions of which Mr. HARDY gave notice are to be charged in future.

THE LABOR WAR.

Prof. GOLDWIN SMITH, in the last issue of the *Week*, devotes a lengthy article to a discussion of what he terms "The Labor War." There are heavy clouds, the writer says, on the commercial horizon, and they will hardly pass away without a storm. It will be a great pity, however, if the vast amount of disinterested study that is being given in these days to social problems should prove unavailing to prevent a recourse to actual violence for the settlement of the questions in which labor is concerned. In every country in the civilized world earnest men are looking into these matters with the desire of finding out how the greatest amount of good may be done to the greatest number, and, at the same time, justice done to all. Some of the advocates of the laboring classes seem to believe that the one way of obtaining what they regard as their rights is to terrorize and harass the employers of labor. It will be found in the end that the problem is not quite so simple as this. It is possible in that way to dislocate industry and produce wide-spread destitution, but not improve, even temporarily the relations between employed and employers. What we require to see is the type, though only in theory, of a perfectly balanced social organization. When we come in sight of that we shall know what to work for; and we look to the labors of earnest thinkers and investigators to reveal to us some day—we trust it may be soon—the true ideal.

DUTY ON TEA AND COFFEE.

The Montreal *Herald* says that curiosity has been excited on the subject of the general knowledge possessed by the mercantile community of the Finance Minister's intentions to re-impose the duties on tea and coffee. By some means or another it has transpired that Mr. McLELAN proposes to add tea and coffee to his sources of revenue, and no doubt the importers of these articles have "taken time by the forelock." It turns out that the London *Times* of the 10th knew all about it, and was informed by its Philadelphia correspondent both what the deficit was for the past seven months—which, of course, was ascertainable by anyone—but also what the Finance Minister believes it will be for the whole year. The Philadelphia telegram to the *Times* says: "The Canadian Minister of Finance announces that the past seven months of the Dominion fiscal year have resulted in a deficit of $5,100,000. He believes that the year's deficit will be $8,000,000. The government, in order to increase the revenue, contemplates the re-imposition of the duty on tea and coffee." Is there not something here that calls for explanation?

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

THE death is announced, at St. Andrews, Scotland, the other day, of Miss Mary Maxwell Campbell, the author of the popular song, "The March o' the Cameron Men."

A TRAIN of sixteen cars loaded with raw silk *en route* from San Francisco to New York passed through St. Thomas, Ont., last week, *via* the Michigan Central. The value of the shipment is over $1,000,000, and the time schedule from ocean to ocean is thirteen days.

A CORRESPONDENT of the London *Times*, writing from Rangoon, where he interviewed Lord Dufferin, says he found him engaged in the study of the Persian language, and that the Viceroy incidentally mentioned that he usually devoted Sunday to the study of that literature.

It is estimated that the consumption of flour and wheat in the United Kingdom during the past week exceeded the farmers' deliveries of native wheat and the importation of foreign flour and wheat by a quantity equivalent to 930,893 bushels of wheat, consequently the supply in the United Kingdom has decreased to that extent.

THE total vote in the South Hackney election, at which Attorney-General Russell in Gladstone's cabinet sought confirmation, resulted in a Liberal majority of 1,195 as against 942 at the general elections. Out of a host of bye-elections necessitated by the change of government the Tories failed to carry a single seat; and the Liberals in every instance so far reported, increased their majorities.

KING MILAN'S Queen is said to be the most beautiful woman in Servia, and by this charm, together with her decision of character, she has completely established her dominion, not only over her husband's heart, but over his actions likewise. If Queen Nathalie may lay claim to be the handsomest woman in Servia, King Milan is far from being the handsomest man there or anywhere else. His head is round and large—too large for his body—his cheeks flat and wide, with a small nose and a little mouth. When at school at Paris he was thought to resemble Prince Napoleon, and always considered himself flattered by being complimented on the likeness.

FACTS FOR THE ELECTORS.

For the financial year ending the 30th of June, 1883,—the first year of the Smithe-Robson government—the receipts from ordinary sources, and expenditure of the province were as follows:

Expenditure	$566,173 71
Revenue	429,400 35
Leaving a deficit of	$136,773 36
June 30th, 1884.	
Expenditure	$520,541 10
Receipts	500,767 29
Another deficit of	$ 19,773 81
June 30th, 1885.	
Expenditure	$566,025 15
Receipts	502,797 49
Still another deficit of	$ 53,227 66
A total deficiency on three years operations of the Smithe-Robson government of	$209,864 83

SALT SPRING ISLAND.

Temperance Societies—Missionary Services—New Settlers—Farming Operations, &c., &c.

The lodge of I. O. G. T. at Vesuvius Bay is thriving vigorously. There have been three or four candidates every night, since its organization, introduced to the mysterious "goat," and already there is a membership of over twenty. Following are the names of the rest of the officers not reported at last meeting: Joel Broadwell, L. D.; T. W. Mowat, W. T.; A. Walters, W. C.; Ernest Harrison, W. F. S.; Joseph Malcolm, W. M.; A. Buckner, W. D. M.; T. W. O. Baker, W. G.; John Harrison, W. S.; Sister Jane Mowatt, R. H. S.; Daniel Fredison, L. H. S.; J. P. Booth, P. W. C. T. With such an efficient and influential staff of officers much good must certainly result, and King Alcohol may well tremble as he sees his ranks becoming so rapidly thinned by the temperance army.

The people of Burgoyne Bay District held their second meeting of the Blue Ribbon Club on Tuesday evening of last week, Arthur Robinson, Esq., presiding. The organization was completed, Arthur Robinson being elected president, and W. T. Kinney, vice-president of the society. An interesting programme of a somewhat motley character was presented, consisting of songs, readings, recitations, and speeches, all of which elicited the hearty plaudits of an appreciative audience. At the close of Mr. King's address an invitation was given to sign the pledge, when eight signatures were obtained, some of which represented men who had been addicted to drink for many years, and to use the words of one, "had drunk enough whiskey to fill a canal extending from New Westminster to New York." This seems incredible, but who has a better right to know than he? These meetings are held every fortnight, on Tuesday evenings, and we have no doubt like their sister association at Vesuvius Bay, which meets every Wednesday evening, will be productive of much good to the neighborhood. *Vox populi vox Dei. Ora pro nobis!*.

Missionary meetings in connection with the Methodist church were held at Vesuvius Bay on Tuesday evening, and at Burgoyne Bay on Wednesday evening of last week. The Rev. Mr. Hemlaw, pastor of Maple Bay mission, presided, and after a brief address presented the deputation, Rev. Mr. Tait, of Chilliwhack, who delivered addresses that were highly instructive, interesting and impressive. On the previous Sabbath quarterly services were conducted, when four members were added to the church at the former appointment and three at the latter.

Mrs. Treggie, wife of the postmaster at Beaver Point, is dangerously ill and her recovery is extremely doubtful.

Father Duncle, having dislocated his leg at the knee, was unable to conduct services on Sunday last at Fulford Harbor.

Settlers continue to push their way to the Pacific Coast, notwithstanding Chinese competion and railroad monopolies. The latest arrival in the Burgoyne Bay district is Mr. Lee and family of Bruce county, Ontario. They are delighted with the change from 40 below to 40 and 50 above zero, and we are pleased to learn have decided to become residents among us, as such settlers as Mr. Lee and family are much needed on this coast, and we extend to them a hearty welcome to our social circle on the island.

Sir Richard Musgrove made our district a flying visit a few days ago. He pays Salt Spring Island a very high compliment for its salubrious climate, and the people of Burgoyne Bay a tribute of praise for the attractive appearances of their fertile farms and fine orchards.

Some farmers have been ploughing for the past fortnight, but this week the work has become general. Several severe frosts have visited this locality of late, but with no visible effect other than to increase the adhesive properties of our alluvial soil and occasionally check the plough.

One of our bachelor residents went on a trip to Nanaimo a few days since and returned with some household furniture and goods. To say the least, it looks rather suspicious, but if anything serious happens, of course Bro. Jonathan will be "thar" and will let you all know.

The quarry at Vesuvius Bay is still in operation, but as the contract for the dry dock is about completed only about 70 men have been employed for some time past. Through the courtesy of Mr. Gallagher, the manager of the quarry, your correspondent was shown over the premises a short time since and was surprised to find such an extensive deposit of valuable stone still remaining so easy of access for shipping. The large boarding house and the numerous bachelor-halls give the locality quite a village aspect, but as they are soon to be deserted and Mr. G. and most of his band return to the east, from whence they came, the once busy hive of industry will become desolate and assume the significant appellation of "Hamlet's soliloquy."

BRO. JONATHAN.

THE
EQUITABLE
Life Assurance Society.
120 Broadway, New York.
HENRY B. HYDE, President.

Assets, January 1st, 1886	$66,353,397 50
Liabilities, 4 per cent, Valuation	52,691,148 37
Surplus	$13,662 249 13
(Surplus on N. Y. Standard, 4½ per cent. Interest, $17,495,329 40.)	

Surplus, over Liabilities, on every standard of valuation, larger than that of any other life assurance company.

New Assurance in 1885	$96,011,378 00
Outstanding Assurance	257,338,346 00
Total Paid Policy-Holders in 1885	$7,126,859 05
Paid Policy-Holders since Organization	88,211,175 62
Income	$13,590,053 13

Improvement during the Year.

Increase of Premium Income	$1,493,849 60
Increase of Surplus	3,378,622 03
Increase of Assets	8,991,461 96

New assurance written in 1885, the largest business ever transacted by the Society or by any other company in a single year; the business of 1884 three millions over that of 1883, and that of 1885 eleven millions over that of 1884.

Assurance written by the Society during the twenty-six years and a half of its history, $196,000,000 more than any other company has written during the same period.

The Society issues a plain and simple contract of assurance, free from burdensome and technical conditions, and INCONTESTABLE after three years. All Policies as soon as they become incontestable are payable IMMEDIATELY upon the receipt of satisfactory proofs of death.

I hereby certify, that after a personal examination of the investments and accounts of the Society, I find the foregoing condensed statement thereof to be correct and true.

JOHN A. McCALL, Jr., Comptroller.

For full particulars, see the 20th ANNUAL STATEMENT of the Society.

☞ Skillful life insurance agents can do more business for the Equitable than for any other company, and consequently can earn more money for themselves. Address and correspondence invited.

C. G. BALLENTYNE,
General Manager, B. C.
VICTORIA.
feb23 1m

A Pretty Woman's Secret.

Fear of discovery, when she resorts to false hair and dyes, is a source of constant anxiety to her. The very persons from whom she most desires to hide the waning of her charms are the ones most likely to make the discovery. But there is no reason why she should not regain and retain all the beauty of hair that was her pride in youth. Let her use AYER'S HAIR VIGOR, and, not only will her hair cease to fall out, but a new growth will appear where the scalp has been denuded; and locks that are turning gray, or have actually grown white, will return to their pristine freshness and brilliance of color. AYER'S HAIR VIGOR cures

Hereditary Baldness.

GEORGE MAYER, *Flatonia, Texas*, was bald at 23 years of age, as his ancestors had been for several generations. One bottle of HAIR VIGOR started a growth of soft, downy hair all over his scalp, which soon became thick, long, and vigorous.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

is not a dye, but, by healthful stimulation of the roots and color glands, speedily restores to its original color hair that is

Turning Gray.

MRS. CATHERINE DEAMER, *Point of Rocks, Md.*, had her hair suddenly blanched by fright, during the late civil war; AYER'S HAIR VIGOR restored it to its natural color, and made it softer, glossier, and more abundant than it had been before.

Scalp Diseases

Which cause dryness, brittleness, and falling of the hair, dandruff, itching, and annoying sores, are all quickly cured by AYER'S HAIR VIGOR. It cured HERBERT BOYD, *Minneapolis, Minn.*, of intolerable Itching of the Scalp; J. N. CARTER, Jr., *Occoquan, Va.*, of Scald Head; Mrs. D. V. S. LOVELACE, *Lovelaceville, Ky.*, of Tetter Sores; MISS BESSIE H. BEDLOE, *Burlington, Wis.*, of Scalp Disease and Dandruff. Torpidity of the roots of the hair, which, if neglected, may result in incurable baldness, is readily cured by AYER'S HAIR VIGOR. As

A Toilet Luxury

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR has no equal. It is colorless, cleanly, delightfully perfumed, and has the effect of making the hair soft, pliant, and glossy.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

C.P.R.R.

TERMINAL CITY,

VANCOUVER

Lots 181 and 196, known as the Hastings Sawmill Property, are now being cleared and streets opened. This valuable property is offered for sale by single Lot or Blocks, and at prices that will command attention. A large rebate allowed to builders.

Plans and Price Lists, now in the hands of the leading Estate Agents in Victoria, New Westminster and Granville.

Robertson & Co.,
Estate Agents, Victoria.

TOWN OF FARWELL

Lots for Sale.

ALLSOP & MASON.
oct19 6m

To Coal Consumers.

Coal Direct from the Collieries.

THE VANCOUVER COAL MINING AND Land Company (Limited) are now prepared to supply consumers direct from their Collieries with their

Best Household Coal

In quantities of one ton and upwards.

Price $7 per Ton of 2,000 Pounds.

The Coal will be hand picked and delivered in sacks of 100 lbs. each. Orders should be sent to the Company at Nanaimo, and to prevent delay should be accompanied by Post Office Order or Cheque.

The Coal will be delivered at the consumer's residence or place of business within two days of receipt of advice.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS, Supt.
nov 7

Something New

MESSRS. CROFT & BUCKEIT have on hand and for sale

Vancouver Coal Company's

SOUTHFIELD COAL,

$7 per ton delivered; $6.25 per ton on the wharf. Single Sacks, 40 cents.

This Coal is handpicked and of the best quality. ORDERS 1062 orders at the

Union Truck and Dray Company's Office, foot of Yates Street.

☞ Post Office Box 454. dec19 1m

Fire Insurance

Ætna Insurance Co.
OF HARTFORD, CONN.
ESTABLISHED 1819.

Cash Assets $10,000,000
Losses paid in 64 years .. 500,000,000

Risks accepted at current rates of premium, and losses paid with promptitude and liberality.

FRANK BODWELL,
City Agent.
Government street,
Next door to Telegraph Office.
June 1

Red Crown Roller Mills

Manufacturers of Albany Patent, Snow Flake Family Windsor, Bakers' and Mount Hood Superfine Flour.

For sale at wholesale and retail by all respectable grocers.

TRY IT. Mills at Albany, Oregon.

ISOM, LANNING & CO.
Proprietors.
aug 14 tf

Awarded First Premium at Oregon State Fair 1883, 1884, 1885.

Awarded First Premium at Portland Mechanics Fair, 1882, 1883, 1884.

Capitol Mills Flour

FULL ROLLER PROCESS,

Manufactured by the Salem (Oregon) Capitol Flour Mills Company, Limited.

☞ ONCE TRIED ALWAYS USED.

The above flour was sold at New Orleans, after close of the Exhibition, for 75 cents per barrel more than flour from other States, and pronounced by Mr. Redan, the Baker who bought it, the best he had ever used.

Head Office—Edinburgh, Scotland. Mills—Salem, Oregon.

PORTLAND AGENT:
GEORGE SHIEL,
8 Stark street

OREGON MILLING CO.'S

ROYAL FLOUR!

THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Carried off two premiums at the late Mechanics' Fair, Portland. At New Orleans was sold at close of Exhibition at a higher price than any other flour, and pronounced by leading bakers to be the best they ever used.

☞ Sold by all leading Grocers.

JOHN WILSON,
Moody's Block, Yates street, Victoria,
Agent for British Columbia.

John Meston

CARRIAGE MAKER,

BLACKSMITH, Etc.,

Government street, between Johnson and Pandora Streets,
VICTORIA, B. C.

QUEEN'S MARKET

GOVERNMENT ST. VICTORIA, B. C.

L. COODACRE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BUTCHER.

Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

Shipping Supplied at Lowest Rates

TABLE DELICACIES.

AND ALL KINDS OF

FINE
FAMILY GROCERIES

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

Provisions, Liquors, Etc.,

Every article for hotel, boarding house or private family use.

HENRY SAUNDERS
Johnson Street.

MASONIC BUILDING
CHEAP
BOOTS
CHEAP VARIETY STORE
AND
SHOES
DOUGLAS St., Vic.

Miners' Gum Boots

PICTURES FRAMED

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

A large stock of Fine Mouldings unequalled in Victoria.

Fine Selected Stock of Engravings

Works of Art and all kinds of Pictures, Mirrors, and Picture Glass sold by the light or box.

The finest Furniture made to order.

☞ All work warranted.

JOS. SOMMER,
Government street.
se24

Intending Settlers

AT OR NEAR COAL HARBOR can obtain from the undersigned all kinds of

FURNITURE,

Blankets, Bedding, Spring Mattresses, Tobacco, all kinds of Fruit and Confectionery, Vegetables, Hay, Grain, Etc.

☞ Remember, you can buy your supplies from me cheaper than you can ship from Victoria.

F. W. HARD,
Granville, B. C.
nov20

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.

NOTICE.

THE above Society was duly organized on Saturday evening, the 20th inst.

All persons who may be eligible wishing to join the Society can do so WITHOUT PAYMENT OF ENTRANCE FEE, by signing the roll at the Secretary's office and on payment of one month's dues—50 cents—or one year's dues—$5—in advance.

Prior to the 1st day of April next.

All members who have already joined are requested to call at the Secretary's office and sign the roll.

By order,
C. MORTON,
Secretary.
Feb. 22, 1886. feb23 1m

E. G. PRIOR,

—IMPORTER OF—

Iron, Steel,

HARDWARE

—AND—

Agricult'rl Machinery

Builders' Hardware,
Miners' Outfits,
Farm Wagons,
Plows, Harrows,
Mowers, Reapers
Twine Binders,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

GOVERNMENT ST., - VICTORIA.

J. C. & J. FIELDS

Candles,
Salad Oil, Bulk and case.
Cocoa Matting, plain & fancy
Fry Pans,
Galv'd Iron Buckets,
Etc. Etc. Etc.
—AT—
R. C. JANION.
feb18

THE FAMOUS

The Royal Blend

WHISKEY,

Case and Bulk.

R. C. JANION

STORE STREET.

J. H. CUTTER

Bourbon Whiskey,

CASE AND BULK.

R. C. JANION,

STORE STREET. feb17

BASS' ALE,

GUINNESS' STOUT,

QUARTS AND PINTS,
AT
R. C. JANION.
feb17

FOR SALE.

To Farmers, Milkmen and Poultry Raisers.

"RICE MEAL," for fattening Stock of all kinds.

"CHIT RICE," invaluable to Poultry Raisers.

Victoria Rice Mill, Store Street.
feb15 d&w tf

FOR SALE,

In the City of New Westminster.

THAT large and rapidly increasing business known as the

Pacific Carriage Works,

Any one wishing for an opening in this line would do well to correspond with the proprietors. Good reasons given for selling.

For further particulars, apply to
JOHNSTON & SMITH.
Proprietors.
feb19 tf

THE WEEK,

A Canadian Journal of Politics, Society and Literature.

Independent in Politics. THE WEEK appeals by a comprehensive Table of Contents to the different tastes which exist within the circle of a cultured home.

An average of fifteen short, crisp Editorials is given in each number upon Canadian, American and English Politics and Literature.

Amongst the regular Contributors is Professor Goldwin Smith; and Mr. Thomas Hughes has kindly undertaken to supply an occasional English Letter.

In addition there are special contributions from some of the ablest writers in the Dominion as the United States.

THE WEEK is the only High-Class Independent Organ of British Thought published on the American Continent.

Published Every Thursday by
C. BLACKETT ROBINSON,
Jan19 5 Jordan street, Toronto, Canada.

Hotels and Restaurants.

Halfway House,

Granite Creek Road.

A HOTEL, half way between Nicola and Granite Creek, has been opened for the accommodation of the traveling public, who can make this the first night's stopping place from Nicola, and reach Granite Creek next day.

The Hotel is supplied with all the necessary creature comforts.

Best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars on hand. Charges moderate.

T. RICHARDSON,
jan20 1m d&w Proprietor.

The Arlington Hotel,

(LATE AUSTRALIAN.)

Corner Government & Humboldt Sts., Victoria.

THIS Hotel has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished, and possesses the finest bar in the southern section of the city. The finest Wines, Liquors and Cigars constantly on hand. The only place in the city for delicious beverages.

W. G. STEVENSON & J. H. SEELEY,
dec6 3m Proprietors.

BEACON HILL.

The Colonist Hotel!

(LATE PARK HOTEL.)

LOVELY SCENERY!
BEAUTIFUL SURROUNDINGS!

A pleasant and healthful summer resort, overlooking Juan de Fuca Straits, and only one mile from the Postoffice, Victoria.

Families can be provided with suites of room at moderate charges. A first class Cook has just been engaged. Telephone call 502.

Esquimalt Hotel,

ESQUIMALT.

HAS been thoroughly refitted, and will be found equal to any in the town for comfortable accommodations, at the following rates: Board, per week, $4.50; Board and Lodging, per week, $5 and $6; Meals, 25c, Beds, 25c and 50c. Baggage taken to the hotel free of charge.

JOSEPH MILLER,
aug12 tf Proprietor.

SUNNYSIDE HOTEL,

GRANVILLE.

FIRST-CLASS in every particular. Rates, $1, $1.50 and $2 per day, according to accommodation. Special rates by the week or month. The largest and most commodious hotel on Burrard Inlet. Fittings and furnishings throughout new. A large number of guests can be accommodated.

oct5 H. HEMLOW, Proprietor.

The Gordon Hotel,

Johnson St., between Store & Wharf

WHERE "OLD BOB" will be found at his usual business of selling BAD WHISKEY, but good Cigars.

The undersigned cordially invites old and new friends to give him a call.

ROBERT McDERMOTT.
Victoria, January 8th, 1886. jan8

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,

Southeast Cor. Fort and Douglas Sts.
VICTORIA, B. C.

Board and Lodging, per week ..... $5.50 and $6
Board, per week $4.50
Beds, per night 50cts

No Chinese Employed.

The bar is supplied with the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

sep18 JOHN BERRYMAN, Propr.

California Hotel,

Cor. Washington and Adams sts.,
Port Townsend, Washington Ter.

BOARD—Per Week, with Lodging, $5. Single Meals, 25 cents.

Best of accommodations and everything in first class style. Billiard and Pool Table.

jel9 1y CAPT. C. GILBERT, Proprietor.

WINNIPEG HOTEL,

PORT MOODY B. C.

THIS new and elegant Hotel is now open. The choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars always on hand. The table supplied with the best in the market.

☞ Charges moderate.

sep10 3m P. CAREY, Proprietor.

Globe Hotel,

ESQUIMALT.

Board and Lodging moderate. Billiard Room attached.

☞ No Chinamen employed.

aug7 tf DOYLE & FISHER, Proprietors.

HASTINGS,

The oldest established and

LEADING PHOTOGRAPHER,

FORT STREET.
nov20

W. S. MASON,

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Wholesale Grocer & Provision Dealer

No. 2 and 4 NORTH FRONT STREET,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

All orders for Groceries, Meats, Standard or Country brands of Flour, Meals and Feed promptly filled.

Sole Agent for the "BOOGE" HAMS, the finest cured. je20

ZED S. HALL,

Bookseller & Stationer

Calendrs Street,
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Books, Periodicals,

—AND—

STANDARD WORKS ORDERED FROM England and the United States at short notice and at publishers' prices. se21tf

D. M. EBERTS. W. J. TAYLOR.

Eberts & Taylor,

BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS,

Langley Street, Victoria.
sep16 tf

The Victoria Quintette Quadrille Orchestra.

OVERTURES, Operatic Selections, Dance Music—entirely new—furnished to Balls, parties and Theatres.

For terms, apply to
FRANK CAMPBELL, JR.,
Government street.

SELECTIONS.

Like our shadows,
Our wishes lengthen as our sun declines.
—[Young.

Shun such as lounge through afternoons and eves,
And on thy dial write, "Beware of Thieves!"
Felon of minutes, never taught to feel
The worth of treasures which thy fingers steal,
Pick my left pocket of the silver dime,
But spare the right—it holds my golden time!
—[Emerson.

When evening cometh on,
Love, only love, can stay the sinking soul,
And smooth thought's racking fever from the brow;
The wounded heart Love only can console.
Whatever brings a balm for sorrow now,
So must it be while this vexed earth shall roll,
Take then the portion which the gods allow.
Dear heart, may I at last on they warm breast
Sink to forgetfulness and silent rest
When evening cometh on.
—[Robert Burns Wilson.

Class Standing at West Point.

[New York Sun.]

"It is impossible to judge of a person's military ability by his standing at West Point," said an old cadet. "If a young fellow is a trifle careless, and forgets to invert his wash bowl a few dozen times a year, and goes to parade with a spot on his trousers, or his boots unblacked, he may pile up demerits that will give him a poor place in his class though he may have a good standing in his studies. The boys who avoid any kind of fun that might lead to black marks are far from favorites at West Point.

"One cadet, who spent the last two months of his cadet life in light prison, was found at graduation to have more than 100 demerits for the preceding six months. He passed his examination in studies, but his deficiencies in discipline causes his discharge. Had it not been for them he would have stood second in a class of sixty. He managed to get an appointment in the army from civil life, and is now a lieutenant of infantry.

"The opportunities for being reported for breaches of discipline at West Point are very numerous. There are a dozen chances during the day for him to get a bad mark for being late. At the inspection of quarters the cadet gets demerits if he is found in his room coatless, if the floor is dirty, if his overcoat hangs on the second nail in the alcove, or if the shell jacket has changed places with the night shirt. The wash bowl must be bottom up, the soap dish clean, the water pail full, and towels immaculate.

The Polyglot Cardinal.

[Baltimore Herald.]

"In 1840," says Professor Starchevsky, of the Russian Polyglot college, "I visited Rome and was introduced to that polyglot man who spoke in fifty-eight languages, and who, in that respect, has never been surpassed by any one—I mean, of course, the Cardinal Mezzofanti. In order to puzzle the man who used to puzzle everybody, I began to speak to him in the tongue of Little Russia. 'What language is that?' he asked me in Italian. 'Little Russian,' I answered. 'Well, come to see me again in two weeks' he said.

"Two weeks passed and I presented myself to the cardinal, who for two hours spoke to me in Little Russian, and that very fluently. To my question how he could master a new language in so short a time the prelate answered that he had known Russian already. That did not satisfy me, however for one knowing Latin can easily learn Italian, but not within a fortnight. Since that time for forty years I have zealously read everything that was written about the polyglot cardinal in hope to find out his secret. I have also carefully perused the papers left by the cardinal. I was about giving up my task when suddenly I struck the hidden secret of Mezzofanti. I am exceedingly happy that the secret of the greatest linguist is not lost to the world."

They Come Rather High.

[Boston Record.]

An interesting illustration of the high prices charged by distinguished English medical men, and the fact that equally good advice and treatment may be had in Boston for a good deal less money, was afforded quite recently. The wife of a wealthy Bostonian being troubled with a somewhat obscure disease wished to learn the opinion of the greatest living authority in regard to it. The skillful young doctor who attended her said that Dr. Keith, of London, was the man. He was accordingly asked to name the sum which he would charge for coming over here to consult with the attending physician.

The reply came that he would accept $10,000. His offer was accepted, he arrived and spent half an hour or more in seeing the patient and consulting with her medical adviser. The result was that the Boston doctor's diagnosis and treatment of the case were confirmed by the great London authority, who took the next steamer for home with a fee which would be a fortune to the average practitioner. Though the Boston physician did not obtain such a pecuniary recompense, yet he felt himself compensated by the recognition of his ability by the distinguished foreigner, and the satisfaction which it gave to the patient and her family.

Two Views of Antwerp.

[Cor. Lancaster Era.]

In Antwerp I seem to be visiting two different cities. When I am near the park, zoological gardens and the clean boulevards with their fine, modern buildings, there is very little that savors of the foreign. If this quarter alone were visited one would go away with very incorrect ideas of the city as a whole.

In the vicinity of the cathedral the streets are narrow and crooked, and the buildings odd and crowded together. The picturesque appearance of this part of the city is greatly enhanced by the curious calvaries or madonnas which are seen over the drinking fountains and wherever street lamps are suspended from the corners of buildings. They are often gaily painted, and will at once arrest the attention of the traveler as something novel and striking. Here and there a queer, ungraceful headdress makes me guilty of prolonged stare. There seems to be less of French ease and more of Dutch stiffness than in Brussels.

A New Cure for Obesity.

[St. James' Gazette.]

Dr. Germain See read a paper at the French Academy of Medicine a day or two ago on the treatment of obesity. The method which he recommends for getting rid of superfluous flesh is simple, and does not involve so severe a regimen as that prescribed by the late Mr. Banting. Azotized food is, the doctor holds, the great cause of fat; and accordingly he insists on a sparing consumption of meat. Alcoholic beverages he proscribes, but he allows the victims of corpulency as much tea as they can drink. This is the entire programme, and Professor Germain See is confident that it suffices.

How Trees Vary in Diameter.

The diameter of trees is said to vary not only from summer to winter, but from day to day. They are larger from noon to twilight the next morning than from twilight until noon; they are smaller in the winter than in summer. Water and the sap of the trees expand not only in proportion as they go below the freezing point. Low temperature as well as high promotes evaporation, and the trees evaporate from their branches in winter, and so the colder the weather the more they shrink.—Boston Budget.

Confess Every Sin Except This.

Did you ever hear any one confess to have been in the least troubled by the sin of covetousness? People confess every sin except this.—Richmond Religious Herald.

A TRIP ACROSS EASTERN HONDURAS.

Valleys of the Richest Soil in the Western Hemisphere.

Enormous Crops—Climate—Exports.

Mr. H. F. Billings, who has returned from a trip to Honduras, recounts his experiences and observations as follows:

Honduras is about 600 miles long by from 150 to 200 miles wide, lying between the Atlantic and Pacific oceans. It has two or three navigable rivers, 200 or 300 miles in length, with immense valleys of the richest soil in the world and timbered with the most valuable woods known. The soil is adapted for cotton, tobacco, corn, vegetables, and all known tropical fruits. The largest portion of Honduras is of a high elevation, varying from 2,000 to 5,000 feet above the level of the sea, and covered with beautiful grass with large quantities of live oak and pine, and all well watered and a very rich soil.

I traveled over 400 miles of country and did not see a farming implement. The natives plant their corn by using a sharp stick to make a hole in the ground, and putting in the corn, covering it with the foot. They never cultivate afterward, only gather when ripe, and then burn the ground over and plant again, and so continue the year round. The lower classes live in houses made of poles and tied together with a vine that grows there, or with strings made from rawhide; then put in clay or mud between, which soon becomes hard, and make thatched roofs of palm leaf, making a very comfortable house. But in villages and large towns I found many brick and adobe houses with tile roofs and some with tile floors, but, remember I did not travel over the oldest and best-settled part of the country, and consequently did not have an opportunity to see the larger places.

As to the resources of the country they are wonderful. Three crops of corn can be raised in a year, and the last as great as the first. The soil is very rich and will grow enormous crops and of the best quality. All the tropical fruits grow in great abundance. Tobacco, coffee, and cotton are raised equal to any in the world, but in limited quantities, for the people do not seem to have the ambition to take advantage of their opportunities. Sugar cane grows to perfection, and they never have to plant but once, something unknown to our sugar-growing states, where it has to be replanted every second or third year.

The climate in some localities along the coast where it is swampy is malarious and very warm, but where it is not swampy it is healthy. It is also malarious in some of the low valleys on account of not being cleared up and cultivated, but no more so than southern Illinois was thirty years ago. But as soon as you reach the mountains which are near the coast, the air is dry and pure, and the temperature ranges from 68 to 85, very seldom reaching 90, and the water is clear and cold.

The principal products of the country now are for export—hides, sarsaparilla, bananas, cocoanuts, and pine-apples; but for their own consumption, sugar-cane, corn, tobacco, coffee, fruits, cattle, hogs, horses, mules, and poultry, plantations and vegetables. The resources for raising stock, I believe, beat the world. I have never yet seen anything to compare with it. Water and grass are abundant the year round, and never a storm or hurricane to endanger it in the least. No shelter is required; all they do is to brand the calf and let him go until he is grown, then he is fat and ready for market. Their principal market for cattle is Guatemala and Cuba.—Inter Ocean.

Love Upon the Hindoo Stage.

Love, according to Hindoo notions, is the subject of most of their dramas. The hero, who is generally a king and the husband of a wife or wives—for a wife or two more or less is no incumbrance in Indian plays—is suddenly smitten with the charms of a lovely woman; sometimes a nymph, or, as in the case of Shakcontala, the daughter of a nymph by a mortal father. The heroine is required to be equally impressible, but with true feminine delicacy she locks the secret in her heart, and keeps her lover for a long time in the agonies of suspense. The hero being reduced to a proper state of desperation is harrassed by other difficulties. The celestial origin of the nymph stands in the way, or he doubts the legality of the match, or he is hampered by the jealousy of his wives. In short, doubts, obstacles and delays make great havoc with the hero and the heroine. They give way to melancholy and indulge in amorous rhapsodies.

An element of life is introduced in this character of the Vidushaka or jester, who is the constant companion of the hero, and in the young maidens, who are the confidential friends of the heroine and soon become possessed of her secret. By a curious regulation the jester is always a Brahmin, and therefore of a caste superior to the king himself, yet his business is to excite mirth by being ridiculous in person, age and attire. His clumsy interference in the intrigues of his friends only serves to augment his difficulties and occasions many an awkward dilemma. On the other hand, the shrewdness of the heroine's confidantes never seems to fail them under the most trying circumstances, while their love of fun, their girlish sympathy with the progress of the love affair, heighten the interest of the plot, and contribute not a little to vary its monotony.—Rochester Herald.

History Is a Fearful Liar.

An item is going the rounds to the following effect: "A Chinese banker, Han Qua of Canton, is said to be the wealthiest man in the world. He pays taxes upon an estate of $450,000,000, and is estimated to be worth $1,400,000,000." Upon this statement George Francis Train comments thus in The New York Sun: "In a cofintry where they use 1,000 coppers—'cash,' so called—to $1 larger coins are over estimated. A guest of old How-qua—not Han Qua—three decades ago at Canton, and later of his sons, I saw his wonderful gardens and beautiful grounds. He was a life-long friend of Russell & Co., leaving them untold sums. They protected his estate during the opium wars. He was known as a friend to America. He may be worth $50,000,000—certainly not $1,400,000,000. History is a fearful liar."—Chicago Tribune.

Evaporation from Leaf Surface.

Careful experiment has disclosed the fact that a single square foot of leaf surface in the case of soft, thin-leafed plants will, during fair weather, exhale aqueous vapor at the rate of one and a quarter ounces daily. At night the rate is only about one-fifth as rapid as during the day, and during rainy weather there is absolutely no evaporation.—Chicago Journal.

A Little One's Beautiful Answer.

The little one made a beautiful answer without knowing it. "What! kiss such a homely man as papa?" said the mother in fun.

"Oh, but papa is real pretty in his heart," was the reply.—Kentucky State Journal.

Original of Huntley's "Spoopendyke."

Dennis Hannapin, a peculiar character of Bismark, D. T., who is said to be the original of Stanley Huntley's "Mr. Spoopendyke," proposes to erect a monument to the memory of the humorist in the cemetery of that frontier village.—Inter Ocean.

Appointed Corea's Chief Farmer.

An American has been appointed by the king of Corea to be chief farmer, with a view to introducing our vegetables into that country.

RAILWAYS.

The Great Overland Route.

Northern Pacific R. R.

The only line running Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars, Magnificent Day Coaches and Elegant Emigrant Sleeping Cars, with Berths free of charge.

From Washington and Oregon points to the East via

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

The only Transcontinental Line running Palace Dining Cars. (Meals, 75 cents.)

Fastest time ever made from the Coast over the Northern Pacific Railroad to Sioux City, Council Bluffs, St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth, Kansas City, Burlington, Quincy, St. Louis, Chicago, and all points throughout the East and Southeast, via St. Paul and Minneapolis.

EMIGRANT SLEEPING CARS

Are hauled on regular express trains over the entire length of the Northern Pacific R. R. Passengers can save $7 to $9 by buying through Eastern tickets from the Victoria Agent. No change of cars.

Leave Portland, going East, at 3 p. m. daily; arrive at Minneapolis or St. Paul 12:30 p. m. (noon) fourth day.

Connections made at St. Paul and Minneapolis to all points East, South and Southeast.

Trains leave Portland for Tacoma at 11:45 p. m. daily, arrive at Tacoma 6:30 p. m., connecting with O. R. and N. Co.'s boats for all points on Puget Sound, arriving in Victoria at 9:30 a. m.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Gen. Western Pass. Agent
No. 2 Washington Street, Portland.

Robert Irving, Agent,
Victoria.

Oregon Railway & Navigation Co.

TIME TABLE.

ATLANTIC EXPRESS.

Leaves Victoria at	2:30 a.m.
Arrives at New Tacoma at	4:30 a.m.
Arrives at Portland at	2:20 p.m.
Leaves Portland at	2:00 p.m.

PACIFIC EXPRESS.

Arrives at Portland at	10:20 a.m
Leaves Portland at	11 a.m
Arrives at New Tacoma at	6:45 p.m
Arrives at Victoria at	12 noon

NOTE—Steamers leave Victoria daily, except Sunday, connecting at Portland with Express trains for the East.

☞ Passengers will leave on regular transport boat which leaves Ash street wharf at 3 p.m. daily. The tickets they hold will secure their transfer.

☞ This is the only line from Puget Sound to all Eastern points in the United States and Canada.

Call upon or write to

ROBERT IRVING, Agent.
Office—C. P. N. Co.'s building, Wharf street
C. H. PERSCOTT, Manager.
JOHN MUIR, JOHN J. BYRNE,
Traffic Manager. Gen. Pass'r & Ft Agt.
General Offices—Corner Front and D streets
Portland, Oregon. oc30

SECURE YOUR TICKETS
FOR
Overland Travel
BY THE GREAT
Albert Lea and Rock Island ROUTES.
Connecting with the N. P. R. R
AT
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS
COMFORT, SPEED,
PLEASURE CHEAPNESS,
—ALL COMBINED,—
ROBERT IRVING, Agent,
Victoria.
CHAS. KENNEDY, Pa senger Agent,
Portland, Oreg

Grand Trunk Railway

The Old and Popular Route
MONTREAL, DETROIT, CHICAGO
AND
All the Principal Points in Canada and the United States.

IT IS POSITIVELY THE
ONLY LINE From TORONTO
Running the Celebrated Pullman Palace Sleeping and Parlor Cars.

Speed, Safety, Civility!

Toronto to Chicago in 14 Hours.

BEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE
Manitoba, British Columbia, and the Pacific Coast.
JOSEPH HICKSON,
General Manager.

CHICAGO
AND
North Western
RAILWAY.
THE BEST ROUTE AND
SHORT LINE
BETWEEN
Omaha, Council Bluffs, And CHICAGO.

The only line to take for Des Moines, Marshalltown, Cedar Rapids, Clinton, Davenport, Chicago, Milwaukee, and all points East. To the people of Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Idaho, Nevada, Oregon, Washington and California, it offers superior advantages not possible by any other line.

Among a few of the numerous points of superiority enjoyed by the patrons of this road between Omaha and Chicago, are its two trains a day of DAY COACHES, which are the finest that human art and ingenuity can create; its PALACE SLEEPING CARS, which are models of comfort and elegance; its PARLOR DRAWING ROOM CARS, unsurpassed by any; and its widely celebrated PALATIAL DINING CARS, the equal of which cannot be found elsewhere.

At Council Bluffs the trains of the Union Pacific Ry. connect in Union Depot with those of the Chicago & Northwestern Ry. In Chicago the trains of this line make close connection with those of all Eastern lines.

For Detroit, Columbus, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Pittsburg, Toronto, Montreal, Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and all points in the East ask the Ticket Agent for tickets via the

"North-Western,"

If you wish the best accommodations.
All Ticket Agents sell tickets via this line.
M. HUGHITT, R. R. HAIR,
General Manager, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
CHICAGO.

We Sell to Build Up a Business

COME and SEE OUR NEW STOCK!

THE BEST VALUE EVER OFFERED ON THE PACIFIC COAST!

AT B. WILLIAMS',

Johnson Street, bet. Broad and Douglas.

Suits for Young and Old to suit all tastes. Comfortable Overcoats at all prices. Underwear of all grades and lowest prices. Hats, Caps, Mitts, Gloves, Ties, Socks, Shirts, Trunks, Umbrellas, and Valises. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

FURNITURE--NEW GOODS

Walnut Bedroom Suites, Ash Bedroom Suites,
Oak Bedroom Suites, Cherry Bedroom Suites,
Maple Bedroom Suites, Spruce Bedroom Suites
Walnut, Ash and Maple Dining Room and Library Furniture.
FOLDING CHAIRS—A beautiful assortment just received—Covered, Carpet, Velvet and Plush.
Curtain Poles, Walnut, Ebony or Ash; Decorated Opaque Window Shades. New Style Portia Window Curtains; CARPETS, a great variety all kinds. WALL PAPERS, with artistic decorations; Mouldings, Mirrors, Blankets, Perambulators, Upholstery Goods.

Crockery, Glassware, Etc.

Decorated Toilet Sets, latest styles, just opened; Majolica Ware, an immense variety just opened; Polka Dot and Fancy Glassware; Rich Gold Library Lamps and Chandeliers, with prisms; Cutlery, John Russel's celebrated; Plated Ware, Vases, Fancy Goods.
SOLE AGENT FOR—Cold Blast Feathers, warranted odorless; Bush nell Roll-up Spring Beds, the cleanest and best; Dowell Woodenware cannot fall to pieces; Marsh Electric Lamp, improved, guaranteed the best.
☞ Importer and Jobber of House Furnishing Goods of every description. Call and examine stock and prices before purchasing. P. O. Box 218.
JOHN WEILER, - - Victoria, B. C.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.
LIMITED.

Taking effect from August 6th, Steamers will leave as follows, viz:—

FRASER RIVER ROUTE.

FROM VICTORIA FOR	MONDAY.	TUESDAY.	WED'SDAY.	THURSDAY.	FRIDAY.	SATURD'Y.
Ladner's & New Westminster	7 A M	.....	7 A M.	.....	7 A M	.....
Port Hammond	7 A M	.....	.....	.....	7 A M.	.....
Plumper Pass	.....	.....	.....	.....	7 A M.	.....
Granville, Moody'sville, Pitt Lake	.....	7 A M.	.....	7 A M.	.....	.....
Chilliwhack	7 A M	.....	.....	.....	7 A M	.....
Yale	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

NOTE.—In event of steamers not being able to reach Port Hammond, freight for points in the Interior will be delivered at Port Moody.
No freight will be received after 5 p. m.
JNO. IRVING, Manager.

Garesche, Green & Co.,
BANKERS,
GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B.C.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN GOLD, SILVER and U. S. Currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits.
GOLD DUST & U. S. CURRENCY
PURCHASED AT HIGHEST MARKET RATES,
Sight Drafts & Telegraphic Transfers
San Francisco, New York & Canada.
Exchange on London.
Available in all parts of Europe, England Ireland and Scotland.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued on the Principal Cities of the United States, Canada and Europe.

Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.

The Acme Self-Basting Roaster.
Free Use on Trial for Two Days.
CALL AND GET ONE AT COWAN'S Hardware Store, Government street, next to the Colonist office. Price $3.50. Will roast 25 lbs. There is no necessity of having tough meat without juice or flavor. No need of getting on our knees to baste your meat: it will take care of itself
J. R. HANSON & CO., Proprietors.
P. O. Box 81, Victoria. jn21 3 m

For Sale or Barter,
Two Handsome High Grade Bull Calves, until March 1st, 1886, aged 5 and 7 months.
Some young half-broke Horses
WANTED IMMEDIATELY,
Seed Oats,
Wheat,
3 tons Potatoes,
500 Cedar Posts, 7 feet long.
W. F. TOLMIE,
feb6t Cloverdale, Victoria District

KURTZ & Co.,
Pioneer White Labor
Cigar and Cigarette
Manufacturers
Established, 1879.
VICTORIA, - - BRITISH COLUMBIA
ESTABLISHED 1860

W. H. PHILIPPS,
ENGRAVER
ON WOOD AND METAL,
Die Sinker, Stamp Maker, Stencil Cutter.
OFFICIAL SEALS
And all kinds of Jewelry Engraved.
Corner Trounce and Broad Streets
au2tf Victoria, B. C.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,
Real Estate Agents.
PURCHASE, SELL AND LEASE PROPERTY, collect rents, make loans on mortgage and transact all business relating to
REAL ESTATE.
Maps showing the various districts on the Island and Mainland, the situation of desirable City Lots, Homesteads, Gardening and Farm Lands can be consulted at their office. feb5

SAILING OF VESSELS—RAILROADS.

PACIFIC
Mail Steamship Co.

THE COMPANY'S STEAMERS WILL SAIL
For NEW YORK via PANAMA, SAN JOSE - February 15, 1886.
At 10½ o'clock P. M.
Taking freight and passengers for Manzanillo, San Blas, Manzanillo, Acapulco, Champerico, San Jose de Guatemala and La Libertad, and via Acapulco for other Mexican and Central American ports.
Tickets to and from Europe by any line for sale at the lowest rates; also for Havana and all West Indian ports.
FOR HONGKONG via YOKOHAMA.
City of New York ..... Feb. 9, 1886
City of Pekin ..... March 9
City of Sydney ..... March 24
at 2 o'clock, P.M.
Excursion tickets to Yokahama and return at reduced rates.
For freight or passage apply at the office, corner First and Brannan streets.
WILLIAMS, DIMOND & CO., Gen. Agents.

(No. 128.)

A BYLAW

Respecting the Expenditure of the Municipal Revenue for 1886.

Be it enacted by the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:—

1. It shall be lawful for the Finance Committee of the said Council to arrange for and obtain a credit by way of overdraft upon current account with the Bank of British North America to an amount not exceeding in the whole the sum of $40,000, including the now existing overdraft, at a rate of interest not exceeding six per cent. per annum.

2. All moneys so overdrawn shall be used for the ordinary current expenditure of the said Corporation, and shall be repaid to the said Bank on or before the thirty-first day of December, 1886, out of the municipal revenue of the said Corporation for the current year.

3. This Bylaw may be cited as the "Bank Credit Bylaw, 1886."

Passed the Municipal Council the third day of February, A. D. 1886.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council the 17th day of February, A. D. 1886.

JAMES FELL,
Mayor.
L.S. JAMES D. ROBINSON,
C. M. C. feb2

No. 129.

A BYLAW

To Repeal Certain Bylaws.

Whereas it appears from a decision of the County Court of Victoria on appeal that Section 3 of the "Revenue Amendment Bylaw, 1885," is invalid, and from a decision of the Supreme Court of British Columbia that the "Retail Liquor Licenses Regulation Bylaw, 1885," is invalid. And whereas the continuance of invalid Bylaws is liable to mislead the public:

Be it therefore enacted by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

Section 3 of the "Revenue Amendment Bylaw, 1885," and the "Retail Liquor Licenses Regulation Bylaw, 1885," are hereby repealed.

Passed the Municipal Council this 17th day of February, A. D., 1886.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council this 24th day of February, A. D., 1886.

JAMES FELL,
Mayor.
L.S. JAMES D. ROBINSON,
C. M. C. feb26

REGINALD NUTTALL,
Real Estate Broker, Valuator and Conveyancer.
Loans Negotiated. Property bought and sold on commission, etc.
OFFICE—Pemberton Block, Yates street, Victoria. sept6 tf

Notices.

PRIVATE BILL.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the next session of the Legislature of the Province of British Columbia, T. B. H. Cochrane and James Brady intend to apply for an Act granting them a lease for the term of twenty-five years of the unworked and abandoned mining ground on Findlay Creek, in the District of Kootenay, such lease to include the bench, bar, dry and hill diggings for 500 feet on either side of the said stream and the beds of the stream, and to extend from the first forks or south branch of said creek three miles below and five miles above the same, including the tributaries thereto, and with power to the said T. B. H. Cochrane and James Brady to erect dams and construct ditches and flumes on the said creek and its tributaries.
EBERTS & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for Applicants.
Dated Victoria, B. C., 30th December, 1885. dec31

Notice.

I HEREBY give notice of my intention to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Court for the City of Victoria, for a license to sell by retail Ale, Beer, Porter and Spirituous Liquors on the brick premises situate on the west side of Store street, between Johnson and Cormorant streets, and formerly known as Everett's Exchange, in the City of Victoria.
JAMES WALLACE.
Dated at Victoria, 27th day of February, 1886. Feb2w 27

Notice.

THE undersigned has this day taken into partnership Edward B. Irving, and the Barber Shop formerly conducted by the undersigned will in future be carried on under the firm name of Cohen & Irving.
March 1, 1886 JAMES COHEN.
N. B.—All outstanding debts to date will be paid by me, and those indebted to me are requested to settle immediately.
JAMES COHEN.
mar2 3t

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the next sitting of the Licensing Court application will be made for a transfer of the license to sell spirituous liquors by retail at the Royal Hotel, corner of Fort and Douglas streets from the present holder to T. J. Jones.
Dated this 1st March, 1886
JAMES C. PREVOST,
mh1 Administrator J. R. Phillips, Deceased.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next sitting of the Licensing Court to be held at Victoria for a license to sell wine and spirituous liquors by retail at the Royal Hotel, corner Fort and Douglas streets, Victoria.
T. J. JONES.
Dated Victoria, Feb. 26, 1886. mar1

Notice

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land, more or less, situated on the north side of Thurlow Island, opposite Loughborough Inlet Coast District, and described as follows:
Commencing at stake about 40 chains from coast and ten east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.
T. D. MERRILL.
January 25th, 1886. jan26 law 2m

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land, more or less, situated on Hornfray Channel, Coast District, and described as follows:
Commencing at a stake on the coast and about 7 miles from S. W. end of said channel and running east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.
T. D. MERRILL.
January 25, 1886. jan26 law 2m

Notice.

IS hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of British Columbia during its session for an Act to incorporate a Company for the purpose of constructing, operating and maintaining a Railway from the City of Victoria to some point on Shoal Harbor in the District of North Saanich, Vancouver Island.
YATES & JAY,
Solicitors for Applicants.
Victoria, Feb. 2nd, 1886. feb3

Notice

ALL THOSE INDEBTED TO THE FIRM of Calbreath, Grant & Cook, Cassiar, are requested to call on the undersigned at the office of Mr. R. Lippett, second door from the Telegraph office, Victoria, to settle their indebtedness, or legal steps will be taken to collect the same.
JOHN GRANT.
Vict. is. Dec. 3rd, 1884. dec3 tf

Notice.

DURING my absence in California Frank Campbell holds my power of attorney.
F. MURPHY,
Adelphi Saloon.
October 3rd, 1885 oct3

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that application will be made at the next sitting of the Licensing Court to be held at Victoria for a transfer of the license to sell wines and spirituous liquors by retail at the Gordon Hotel, Johnson street, Victoria, to the undersigned.
ROBERT McDERMOTT.
Dated Victoria, B. C., Feb. 25 1886. feb26

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that application will be made at the next sitting of the Licensing Court at Victoria for a license to sell Ale and Porter at the premises known as the Bowling Alley, Yates street, Victoria.
JAMES BAKER.
GEORGE BAKER.
Dated Victoria, B.C., Feb. 25, 1886. feb26

Notice.

I have taken as a partner in my business Mr. GEO. ANDERSON. The firm name will in future be SHORE & ANDERSON.
feb21 1m A. SHORE.

W. E. CHAMBERLAIN & T. A. ROBINSON

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(Over Victoria House.)
TELEPHONE CALL No. 361. P. O. BOX 180.
Can be consulted from 9 a.m. to 8 p.m. Sundays, 2 to 5 p.m.

A. M. Taylor, M.D., Will give special attention to Surgery and Diseases of Women. Residence—Johnson street, 2 doors west of Quadra. Telephone 567.

R. B. Clark, M. D., M. R. C. S. Will give special attention to Nervous and Chronic Diseases. Over 20 years' experience. Residence—Corner Yates and Quadra streets. Telephone 569.
jan28 3m

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Physicians, Surgeons & Accoucheurs
OFFICE—Theatre Block, Douglas street.

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☞ Special attention given to diseases of the Eye and Ear.
Consultation Free. jal4 1m

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M. R. C. S., England; L. S. A., London,
Office—Langley & Bastion Streets.
Hours—10 a.m. till 1 p.m.; 2 till 4 p.m.; 6 p.m. till 8:30.
NOTE—Women and Children only, 2 till 4 p.m.
Residence—Broad near Fort Street.
Telephone Call 93.

R. B. THOMPSON,
DENTIST.
Office—Old Masonic Building, (over Messrs. Wilson & Co.'s Dry Goods Store), Government street.
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july13 T. J. BURNES.

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S. C. BURRIS,
ARCHITECT,
Yates and Broad streets,
MOODY'S BUILDING (Up-stairs.) dec8

E. H. FISHER,
Architect,
DeCosmos' New Block, Government street,
VICTORIA, B. C. P. O. Box 674.

E. MALLANDAINE,
Architect,
Broughton street, near corner Broad street
Victoria.

J. P. DONOVAN,
ARCHITECT,
Galpin's Block, Government Street,
Victoria. nov2

JOHN TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

REAL ESTATE

ROBT. LIPSETT,
REAL ESTATE BROKER AND FINANCIAL AGENT.
july11 Government street, Victoria, B. C.

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[FROM LONDON.]
Solo Pianist and Orchestral Conductor
PUPIL OF [illegible]

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Friday, March 5, 1886.

CITY AND PROVINCE.

—Cal. Wagner's Minstrels to-night.

J. H. Ardell, of the Minstrel troupe, is a wonderful acrobat.

—Salmon are showing themselves in the Fraser.

—If you want a modern building, have your plans made by Fisher the Architect.*

—Auction sale of furniture, a horse, &c., at Dufour's action room to-morrow morning.

—Lovers of the cue should remember that THE LANSDOWNE billiard parlor is the best in town.

—Alfonso Le Roy, having obtained the sum of his fine and counsel fees—$36.25, once more breathes free air.

—Before purchasing stoves, etc., call at Cowan's stove warehouse, Colonist building.

—Our despatches to-day are very interesting to lovers of English politics. The "Grand Old Man" is still ahead.

—About twenty workmen, for Bell, Larkin & Patterson's contract, went up on to-day's steamer.

—A large number of men, between 20 and 30, left on the Louise this morning for Granite Creek.

—A crazy man, name unknown, was seen roaming about in the neighborhood of the Willows this forenoon.

—The population of Washington Territory is 130,465; and the assessment $50,484,437.

—THE TIMES to-morrow will publish the "balance sheet" of the province for the six months ending 31st Dec., 1885.

—As yet the organs have declined to reproduce the working account of the province for the year ending the 30th June, 1885.

—The Northern Pacific have fixed the rate on agricultural implements and farm wagons, Chicago to Portland at 88 cents per 100 lbs.

—House-keepers will find a good assortment of house furnishing goods, etc., at Cowan's warehouse, Colonist building.

—The splendid band of Cal Wagner's Minstrel Company will perfom several selections in front of the theatre this evening.

—Cal. Wagner's minstrels arrived to-day and will open at the Victoria this evening for two nights and Saturday matinee. Go and see them.

—If Mr. W. M. Robertson, late of San Francisco, will call on the Secretary of the Y. M. C. A., he will hear of something to his advantage.

—There was a very pleasant dance held at the Grand Pacific hotel last night. Excellent music was furnished by the Victoria Quiutette Orchestra.

—The by-law granting a bonus of $10[illegible] to a woolen mill in New Westminster was voted upon on Monday and carried by 26 for and 3 against.

—*Lansdowne House, Yates street, received to-day Brussells Kid Gloves, Combination and other Hoop-skirts. Bustles, &c., &c. John Partridge, Prop.*

—A prominent gentleman complains of reckless driving by the Fire Deparment drivers. Activity is one essential for a fireman, but coolness and caution are equally as requisite.

—That valuable preparation called the Gum Tree (Eucalyptus) Cough Syrup—that does not make you sick at the stomach, is for sale by Langley & Co. Victoria, sole agents.

—The petty officers of H. M. ships will give a dance to-night at the Theater Royal. The hall is tastefully decorated, such as naval men know how to do, and an enjoyable time is anticipated by those going.

—No room can be cousidered as well furnished unless supplied with one of those NEW and STYLISH FENDERS, on view and for sale at A. & W. Wilson's, Fort street.

—The thoroughbred Jersey Bull "El Rio," No. 13698, at Kelvin street, (opposite Tolmie's gate) Saanich Road. For particulars of service apply to F. REVELY, Victoria. P. O. Box 238.

—For sale, thoroughbred White Leghorn—Light Brahma and W. C. B. Poland fowls; also eggs of the same breeds, and of the Langshan and Imperial Pekin Duck. Apply to F. REVELY, Victoria. P. O. Box 238.

—Consignees by steamer North Pacific to-day: F Eickhoff, Kelly Bros, Shore & Anderson, Jno Parker, D McPhadden, S J Rowbotham, Douglas & D, H Harvey, A J Rowbotham, J Wilson, H Tilton, Neufelder & R, McDonogh, A B Johnson.

—A Port Townsend dispatch says that twenty Indians of the Bella Coola tribe of British Columbia, the supposed murderers of Crosin and Covan at Seqhim some time since, are again in that vicinity using threatening language against the whites, who, they say, murdered their chief. An effort will be made to capture them.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Messrs. W. R. Mills, Rev. W. M. Wetchtomoff, H. C. Liston, Paymaster Culvert, C. Hawser, and E. D. Towne, were passengers by the Queen. They will all take passage on the next Alaska steamer for Idaho.

Rev. D. M. Gordon, D. D., went up to the mainland this morning on the Princess Louise.

Supt. Roycraft has again gone to the east coast to investigate the Cowichan murder mystery.

Mr. Henry Brackman, of Saanich, returned home by the Daisy this morning.

Mr. Brethour, Saanich, and Mrs. Gray, for Salt Spring Island, were passengers to-day by the Daisy.

Messrs. R. T. Johnson and Geo. Reilly were passengers to the east coast to-day.

Ex-Governor Richards went to the mainland to-day.

Mr. T. Ladner returned home this morning.

Mr. J. M. Stiles, of Vancouver, returned from San Francisco to-day.

Mr. Geo. Byrne, auctioneer, and Mr. Wilson, of Kamloops, were passengers by the Princess Louise this morning.

Mr. W. R. Robinson arrived in the city to-day *en route* from Los Angelos to Winnipeg.

Passengers by steamer North Pacific to-day: T Duffy, C A Dalgren, Miss M Smith, Miss A Smith, Judge Dawson, J M Dawson, A Lippman, J S Stewart, J Beaks, C Butler, Chas Poole, E Nolan, M W Murray, Miss White, F H Goldberg, J Engh, J Perrich, G Beede, A Peterson, Miss Whitlow, B Wright, Mrs Young, R Magnesen, Mrs Jones and child, Miss Olsen, Jos Wood, L Starber, R H Steils, J Hayes, S Streiger, Wm Cameron, Chas Lincolm, Dan Ross, H C Smart, S Price, H Bushby, C Drayton, C Purcell, W G Loveland, W Standley, A Standley, J H Ardell, Wm Graham, W Webb, F Shelters, L A Day, S Asher, A Green.

MARINE NOTES.

The Queen of the Pacific arrived at 5 o'clock this morning from San Francisco.

(Continued from 1st page.)

the province and of the people, that the next six months would show something far more satisfactory. In the interest of good government, and as a warning to those who are to come after, the House should pass the resolution moved by his hon. friend (Mr. Beaven).

Hon. J. Robson admitted that the time chosen for the sale of Granville lots was unfavorable if the highest prices were expected. He maintained that it was not an essential requisite that a survey should be made before a sale was held. The hon. leader of the opposition, in his sale of Port Moody lots, had held a sale without a survey.

Mr. Beaven—That is not true. The hon. gentleman in referring to my private affairs, is stating, as he generally does, an untruth. The property at Port Moody was surveyed and staked out in town lots.

Hon. Mr. Robson apologised for the misstatement. It was, however, the ordinary practice among private property owners to adopt that course, and what was right and best in their case was equally so in the case of a government. A survey of the exterior lines of the lands in question had been made, and it was absolutely certain that they would pan out all right. The land never was a naval reserve, notwithstanding any misleading dispatches or maps that may have gone about, in the sense that the provincial government had no right to deal with them. The admiralty did not claim those 780 acres, but in a proper spirit now wanted to secure 155 acres for naval purposes. He was surprised at the stand taken by his colleague (Mr. Orr) who should have stood up for the interests of the province. He had been constantly taunted with having exaggerated the amount as likely to be derived by the province from the sale of these lands. But the conditions under which he had predicted $500 per acre as likely to be realized, did not yet exist. The attempt which had been made to misrepresent his utterances were disingenuous and childish. Referring to the statement of the member of Nanaimo (Dunsmuir) he said had the so-called naval reserve fallen into the hands of the Imperial authorities it would have gone into the rapacious maw of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company. The speaker then read a letter from C. Drinkwater, secretary of the company, which claimed that the reserves belonged to the Imperial government, whose intention it was to hand over the larger portion of it to the railway company. The railway company were evidently behind the times. The Imperial government and the naval authorities, subsequent to this letter, had asked for, and would be willing to accept, 155 acres, and an order in council has already been passed granting them what they desire whenever they want it. When he predicted the receipts of $2[illegible],000 it was not supposed that six months' delay would occur in bringing the property into market. Hon. gentlemen were not aware of what was going on at Vancouver. Already there was a population of 1500 at the terminus, and the indications were that the amount realized during the next six months would fully come up to the estimate.

Mr. Orr said, in explanation, he was fully aware that the naval authorities had no legal claim to the land, but the reserve had been recognized by every government since Crown Colony days.

Mr. Helgesen said the resolution had evidently placed the government in an embarrassing and humiliating position. The leader of the government had stood up and acknowledged that he had been guilty of an illegal act. All the Chief Commissioner could do was to hunt up what past commissioners had done, but it was no excuse to show what had been done by former governments. He could remember the Provincial Secretary last session say that this government was lifting the country up to prosperity—that there were millions in it—but it was now found that it had dwindled down to a few dollars and cents. And yet to-day the Provincial Secretary said the next sale would amount to something great. He was surprised that he should have referred to the squatters, who have been driven from their holdings by the government.

Mr. Drake claimed that the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works had the same power as previous to confederation. The right to survey and sell lands was vested in that office previous to that time, it was continued by the Constitution Act, and in selling and surveying the lands in question the Chief Commissioner was acting within his duty.

Mr. Grant said that on Mr. Helgesen's resolution, the leader of the government had acknowledged that he had no power over crown lands other than the statute gave him. What then was his power? There was nothing in any of the acts authorizing the government to survey lands. The Dominion government had found it necessary to go to Parliament and ask for power to sell land in precisely the same way as this government had sold lands. The only thing they had to plead in palliation was that a former government had done the same thing. But that was no justification and the Chief Commissioner had no autnority to deal with those lands in the manner they had been dealt with. He agreed that it was not right for a government to speculate in lands.

There was nothing in the resolution about the time being inopportune. In respect to the estimate of the Provincial Secretary that 3000 acres would realize $3[illegible],000, he pointed out that 2000 acres would extend many miles along English Bay, and it was nonsensical to predict that they would bring $1000 per acre. The only conclusion, judging from the result, was that the lands were not properly handled, as according to the return they had only nettled $145. It was an extraordinary argument that the government could take the same course as a private individual. That was a mistake. The government can only do what the law gives them power to do, and the law did not give them power to this.

Mr. Wilson held that the right to dispose of the land was vested in the crown, and that a statute was a mere direction as to the way in which it may be disposed of. The power to sell the land carried with it the right to prepare it for sale. It might as well be stated that a baker had a right to sell a four-pound loaf but he had no right to bake it. It followed that the premises laid down in the resolution being incorrect, the resolution fell to the ground.

Mr. McLeese contended that the lands were not surveyed according to the statute. No purchaser could take a conveyance and pay his money un ler the survey that had been made. It had been admitted that the sale was at an inopportune time, and on that ground alone the government were censurable. The people of the interior had no opportunity of knowing when the sale was going to take place. There should be a decided expression of opinion in order to prevent all future governments to over-ride statutes.

Mr. Semlin said that he understood now why the government had offered the land for sale before they surveyed it, and it was just and fair to conclude that knowing they could not legally survey they sold it without a survey. To use a familiar expression, they had sold a pig in a bag. The House had previously voted Mr. Beaven out of office for doing what it considered he should not have done. The government need not attempt to shield themselves behind his action or the might themselves be voted out. He would like to know why the government insisted that this was a vote of want of confidence. The government have had a large majority in this House who they have frequently dragged through the mire and there was no doubt they had many times reluctantly supported their measures. Relying on their followers the government were, no doubt, emboldened to take the course they had.

Mr. Cunningham claimed credit for the government, especially for the firmness they displayed in dealing with the squatters. He said there was not one *bona fide* squatter at English Bay—they were "all professional land-jumpers."

Mr. Beaven, in closing the debate, said that the fourth member for Victoria (Mr. Drake) had evidently not read the resolution, as it was the very reverse of what he had said. He would advise the gentleman to occupy a few moments in reading it. The member for Cariboo (Mr. Wilson) took the ground that the government had the power to deal with lands in any way they deemed right, but he forgot the Attorney-General and Chief Commissioner stated three days ago that the power of the government was limited by the Statute. The Chief Commissioner pleaded guilty to the charges made; but argued that because he (Mr. Beaven) had authorized the survey of lots at Hastings in 1875, he (Mr. Smithe) was justified in selling unsurveyed land as town lots at English Bay. The absurdity of such a defence must be self evident. The fact is the Chief Commissioner was fully authorized in 1875 to make any survey he deemed proper, but in 1879 that power was limited by the Land Act; from that date Crown Lands could only be surveyed into townships, sections, and quarter sections, where such a system is practicable, and the LandAct of 1884 re-enacts the clauses of the act of 1879. So that the power that existed up to 1879 to survey land into town lots does not exist to-day. The government did not survey the English Bay land into lots, but they sold it as such when it was actually unsurveyed land. Their whole action in the matter was illegal and as such deserves the censure of the legislature.

The motion was then put and lost on the following division:

Ayes—Galbraith, Beaven, Semlin, Grant, Helgesen, McLeese—6.

Noes—Smithe, Robson, A. E. B. Davie, Duck, Allen, Martin, Dunsmuir, T. Davie, Pooley, Dingwall, Cunningham, Raybould, Drake, Cowan, John, McTavish, Wilson, Orr.—18.

BALANCE SHEET.

Hon. Mr. Duck presented the balance sheet to the 31st Dec., 1885.

PRIVILEGE.

Mr. Pooley said he found a partial report of the proceedings of the land committee in the TIMES and *Standard*. How they got there he did not know.

Mr. Martin was certain no member of the committee had given the information.

Mr. T. Davie would have thought nothing about it had the report not been so garbled. There was no question that it had come from the party who had been brought there to report the proceedings and he hoped that care would be taken to exclude him in future.

Mr. Dingwall said he did not bother the papers a great deal; nevertheless THE TIMES had made him say that snowshoes were used to cross the "mountains" of Comox. It was the "mud" he referred to and not "mountains."

The House adjourned at 6 p. m.

TWENTY-THIRD DAY.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 p. m.

Prayers were read by Archdeacon Scriven.

Mr. Martin presented the report of the Private Bills Committee. The preamble of the bills incorporating the Vancouver Street Railway and the Vancouver Gas Company, were reported.

NIGHT SESSIONS.

Before proceeding to the orders of the day, Hon. Mr. Smithe said some arrangement should be made for night sessions. There were now a number of bills ready for consideration. The House might meet every alternate night.

Mr. Galbraith said there was no objections to night sessions, but there were several long bills before the private bills committee which required a great deal of consideration and night sessions might interfere with the deliberations of the committee. He suggested moving sessions, beginning at 11 o'clock.

Hon. Mr. Smithe said the government were very fully occupied in the morning, and many of the members—lawyers and others—had engagements at that hour that would prevent their attendance.

Mr. Beaven said the bills now on the orders of the day were private bills, and he did not think there was yet any necessity for either morning or night sessions. He would defer to the wishes of the House however, although it would be impossible for him to attend unless the business was of special importance.

PRIVILEGE.

Mr. Dunsmuir, referring to a statement in THE TIMES that hon. members were not in their seats during prayers, said the hon. member for Cassiar was never present.

Mr. Speaker called the hon. gentleman to order. He had no right to refer to anything that had appeared in a newspaper unless he head therefrom.

Mr. Grant—The hon. gentleman (Dunsmuir) did not state the truth.

VANCOUVER GAS COMPANY.

Mr. Orr moved the second reading of the bill to incorporate the Vancouver Gas Company, all the company asked was the exclusive privilege of manufacture for 7 years. If insisted upon, the company could have the works completed in the time asked for the work to commence, but as the expense of such works was very large there was no immediate necessity for that to be done.

Mr. Drake thought the exclusive privilege asked for would be going too far, as it would prevent private companies or individuals manufacturing gas for their own purpose. The bill only provided for the commencement of the work in eighteen months. He considered if the company obtained a charter without any exclusive privilege they would still be in a good position. Unless the mover would consent to strike out that clause he would oppose the second reading.

Hon. J. Robson would support the second reading. Material amendments, however, would have to be made in committee.

Mr. Grant approved of the bill going into committee, where amendments could be made.

Hon. Mr. Smithe thought the bill should be referred back to the Private Bills Committee, as it was an unusual thing to send a bill that met with so much opposition to a committee of the whole. He moved that the bill be referred back for further consideration.

Mr. Orr had no objection that it be referred back, but he pointed out that although the bill had been before the house for two or three weeks, no person had appeared before the committee to suggest any change.

Mr. Dingwall was surprised that the bill should be referred back. He considered it the best bill that had ever been brought before the House.

Mr. Galbraith was willing to refer the bill back and hoped any person having any amendments to offer would attend the meetings of the committee.

Mr. Wilson said if those who had serious objections against the bill failed to go before the House, it was not treating the hon. mover fairly in raising these objections at this stage. It was significant that those objections had not been raised when the bill was before the House a few days ago. Bills of this character should be treated with common fairness and justice, and in much the same manner as bills of a public character.

In answer to Mr. Orr the Speaker said he did not think this House could grant to any company the exclusive right to manufacture anything.

Mr. Beaven pointed out that no member of the House could appear before the Private Bills committee as a witness or as a counsel, and the only place he could raise an objection was on the floor of the House.

Mr. Semlin said the promoters of the bill asked for the exclusive privilege solely because they could not afford to put their money into the scheme if such a powerful organization as the syndicate were in a position to run a rival scheme.

Mr. T. Davie thought the bill was giving an "excruciating" monopoly, and while not opposed to its general principles, he thought it should be referred back to the Private Bills Committee.

EAST BOUND FREIGHT.

John Muir, traffic manager of the O. R. & N. Co., announces the following reduced rates upon through east bound freights from Portland, Astoria or Seattle: Wool, in compressed bales, valued at not over 12 cents per pound, to New York, Boston or Philadelphia, $1.25 per 100 pounds; canned or barrel salmon, carloads, to New York, $1 per 100 pounds; to Chicago or St. Louis, 95c. per 100 pounds.

San Francisco advices announce that prices of limited tickets were cut for the second time yesterday. The following are now the rates charged: Chicago, $25; New York, $40; Boston, $42.

DIED IN GAOL.

Another death occurred in the city gaol at 3.40 this morning, Jennie, an Indian woman, aged about 35 years. The unfortunate was arrested a month or so ago and sentenced to a month's imprisonment. Dr. J. S. Helmcken testified that he had visited the woman and that she came to her death from natural causes, the malady being inflammation of the lungs. The jury, of whom Mr. George Fairbrother was foreman, returned a verdict in accordance with the medical evidence which was substantiated by Gaoler Dennis Driscoll.

FUNERAL.

The funeral of the late Leonard F. Metcalfe took place to-day, and was very largely attended by relatives and friends of the deceased—upwards of forty carriages following the hearse. Services were held in St. John's Church at 3 o'clock by the Rev. Percival Jenns, where numerous friends were assembled to pay their last respects to the memory of the deceased. The pall bearers were Messrs. Griffiths, Davis, McNish, Dudgeon, Wright and Sullivan. The Silent City on Ross Bay has added another to its long list of sterling young men, which Victoria can ill afford to lose.

THE LONDON.

Chief Engineer Phillips, of the Fire Department, is enlarging and renovating his office in order to afford more thorough accommodation for people who may have business with him. The premises will be artistically furnished, and on the 1st proximo the Chief will retire from the saloon business in favor of his brother, Mr. Wm. Phillips, who is well known as a cigar manufacturer and a popular man amongst a large number of friends. The London will continue under his management to be one of the favorite places of resort in this city.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, N. Y. fri

NEW TO-DAY.

ATTENTION!

Volunteer Fire Department.

A GENERAL MEETING of the late Volunteer Fire Department will take place on Thursday, March 11, in Tiger Engine House, at 8 o'clock p. m. sharp.

mar 6t WM. LOUISE, President.

FOR ALBERNI.

THE STR. HOPE will sail from Janion's Wharf for Alberni TO-MORROW (March 6), at noon.

For freight and passage, apply at the office of W. P. Sayward, or to the Captain on board.

mar5 1t W. P. SAYWARD.

LECTURE.

Subject—"History of Money,"

WITH

Illustrations by Magic Lantern.

REV. MR. BEANLANDS will deliver a lecture upon the above subject at Philharmonic Hall,

TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 9

Admission, 25 cents. mar5 4t

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

LEISER vs. A. MAYER & CO.

BY VIRTUE of an order made in this action on Friday, the 26th day of February, A. D. 1886, by the Honorable Sir Matthew Baillie Begbie, Knight Chief Justice, the undersigned has been appointed Receiver of all the personal Estate, Effects and Credits of Alexander Mayer and Marcus Wolfe, trading under the name, style and firm of A. Mayer & Co., of Nanaimo (such appointment being without prejudice to any prior mortgages upon the said estate.)

All persons owing any moneys or having any securities of or belonging to or in which the said firm or either of the members thereof may have any interest whatever, are forthwith required to pay over or account for the same to the undersigned.

JAMES CHARLES PREVOST, Receiver.

Dated at Victoria, March 3, 1886. mar5 4t

For San Francisco.

Carrying H. M. Mails and Wells, Fargo & Co.'s and Northern Pacific Express.

The Pacific Coast Steamship Co.'s Steamer

Queen of the Pacific,

CAPTAIN ALEXANDER,

Will sail from Victoria wharf, outer harbor, for San Francisco on

Thursday, March 11, at Noon,

Intending Shippers are requested to make arrangements for Freight as early as possible, so that room may be reserved for their shipments. Freight for shipment by her is required to be on the wharf of the undersigned by 6 o'clock P. M., on Wednesday, March 10.

For Freight and Passage apply to

WELCH, RITHET & CO., Agents.

mar5

TO-MORROW MORNING.

SATURDAY, MARCH 6,

Auction Sale

OF

HORSE,

Household Furniture,

Etc., Etc.

The undersigned will sell at their Salerooms, Government street, on Saturday morning, at 11 o'clock a quantity of Household Furniture including Bedsteads, Cupboards, Carpets, Wash stands, Crockery, etc.

ALSO—ONE HORSE.

Sale at ELEVEN o'clock.

DUFOUR & CO.,

mar5 Auctioneers.

VICTORIA THEATER

Two Nights Only, commencing Friday, March 5

Cal Wagner's Minstrels

Under the direct supervision of J. H. Haverly, and by the great and only original

Cal Wagner

Grand Brass Band and Orchestra. Watch the Grand Street Parade.

Usual prices. No extra charge. Reserve seats for sale at M. W. Waitt's. feb26

INVESTMENT.

100 ACRES OF LAND,

With House, Barn, Orchard, Horses, Cows, and Farming Utensils complete for

$2,500.

The cheapest place in British Columbia! Persons wanting Farms would do well to consult us.

HAND BROS.,

Real Estate Brokers,

mar3 D&W tf Fort Street, Victoria, B. C.

DAIRY SALT

(FINE,) and

Liverpool Coarse Salt,

Ex "DUNDONALD."

For sale by

Robert Ward & Co.,

VICTORIA.

mar1 3D 2W

General Passenger Agency.

ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP LINES.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE,

To or from Great Britain or the Continent,

Berths secured in advance by Telegraph.

HALL & GOEPEL,

GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.

Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of W. H. DRING of Chemainus, deceased.

ALL persons indebted to the above estate are required to pay the amounts due forth, with and all person having claims against the said estate are requested to present the same to THOMPSON HELL, Executors to the Estate.

Victoria, March 3, 1886. mar5

SUN LIFE Assurance Company OF CANADA.

R. MACAULAY, Managing Director. THOMAS WORKMAN, President.

The rapid progress made by the Company may be seen from the following statement:

	INCOME.	ASSETS.	LIFE ASSURANCES IN FORCE.
1872	$48,230 92	$346,491 95	$1,084,350 00
1874	64,076 86	623,362 83	1,786,202 00
1876	102,822 14	715,054 64	2,314,050 00
1878	127,505 97	772,805 71	3,304,883 43
1880	141,402 83	913,122 93	3,991,479 14
1882	254,841 72	1,059,577 94	5,040,989 19
1884	278,879 05	1 254,397 24	5,344,404 01
1885	325,000 00	1,414,297 24	9,500,000 00

The SUN issues an absolutely unconditional policy. It pays its claims promptly, without waiting for 60 or 90 days, and has not one contested or disputed claim on its books.

JOHN O. McLEOD, Agent, New Westminster. JAMES ABRAMS, Agent, Nanaimo.

A. E. IMRIE,

General Agent, - - - - Victoria, B. C.

feb25 D & W 2w

FOR COMFORT,

The WAUKEMPHAST Beats Them All!

FOR SALE AND MADE TO ORDER AT

GEO. H. MAYNARD'S,

FORT STREET.

The Discount Sale

STILL GOING ON.

Go Early and Avoid the Rush.

NEW CLOTHS--JUST OPENED

A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

English, French & Scotch Suitings & Trouserings,

IN ALL THE LATEST MAKES AND DESIGNS.

Worsted Coatings in Blue and Black, Broadcloths and Doeskins.

Garments made to order in either American or English styles.

The best Trimmings used and satisfaction guaranteed.

No Cheap Canadian Goods in stock.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

A. GREGG & SON,

ARTIST TAILORS,

CORNER OF DOUGLAS AND PANDORA STREETS. feb11

NOTICE.

VANCOUVER

Lots for Sale

OR LEASE

IS

200 AND 301.

The front portion of this property is situated on

FALSE CREEK,

THE FUTURE

Dock of Vancouver,

And the back portion contains the finest residential sites in the future City, the views from which are unrivalled.

The whole property is centrally located, and the MAIN ROADS TO NEW WESTMINSTER AND THE NORTH ARM OF FRASER RIVER intersect it.

Lots can be either bought or leased at reasonable rates and on the easiest terms.

HENRY V. EDMONDS,

LAND AGENT,

mar1 1m New Westminster.

Clearance Sale,

Commencing To-morrow (Tuesday), And to continue until the following Saturday.

WE shall offer at and below cost the following goods remaining over from the Winter season:

DRESS GOODS,

BROCADED CLOAKINGS,

Plain and Brocaded Velveteens, Blankets, Wadded and Eiderdown Quilts, Knitted Wool Goods, Carriage Rugs, Felt Skirts, Woollen Hosiery, Fur and Brocaded Silk Capes, Cloth Jackets, Tickets and Circular Stuffings, &c. Also,

A Large Quantity of Remnants.

During the Sale all Staple Goods will be sold at greatly reduced rates for Cash only.

SHEARS & PAGE,

London House

mar1 1w

B. C. St. George's Society.

NOTICE.

THE first Regular Monthly Meeting of the Society will be held at ODD FELLOWS' HALL, on FRIDAY EVENING next, at Eight o'clock.

By order, C. MORTON, Secretary.

mar2 4t

For Mexican Ports,

VIA SAN FRANCISCO.

Calling at Todos Santos, Mazatlan, San Blas and Manzanillo.

UNDER CHARTER with the Compania Mexicana de Navigacion del Pacifico and contract with the Mexican Government.

THE IRON SCREW STEAMSHIP

"SARDONYX."

S. W. BUCKNAM, MASTER.

Carrying Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express

Will sail from Victoria harbo, for the above mentioned ports on or about

Saturday, March 6, 1886,

RETURNING.

The steamer Sardonyx will leave Manzanillo and way ports for Victoria via San Francisco about the 22nd March, thus affording shippers good opportunity for direct shipment from the above ports.

For freight or passage, apply at the office of

E. CROW BAKER,

Or HENRY SAUNDERS,

Victoria, B. C.

AGENTS IN

San Francisco—J. Cutts.

Mazatlan—Jesus Escovar.

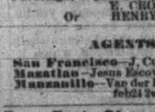
Manzanillo—Van der Linden, Vogel & Co.

feb24 2w

For Fort Simpson, and Way Ports.

CARRYING HER MAJESTY'S MAILS.

THE FINE NEW SCREW



STEAMER

"Barbara Boscowitz,"

Will sail from Spratt's Wharf

On SATURDAY EVENING, March 6, At 8 o'clock.

For freight or passage, app'y to

GEORGE R. MUNRO Agent.

mar3 At Warren's office, Wharf street.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA

Employment Bureau!

Furnishes all kinds of Help Free of Charge.

OUR

BUSINESS AGENCY.

Do you want to Buy or Sell a Business, Take a Partner, &c.

PICKERING & CO.

OFFICE:

Fort St. between Douglas & Broad,

VICTORIA, B. C.

P. O. Box 604 Telephone 13.

feb23 2w

If You Are Going to Move

Call on the Victoria Truck & Dray Co., (Limited.)

Furniture and Pianos moved with Care and Dispatch.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Telephone No. 13. P. O. Box 330. Office, Central Coal Yard. feb23

MIDWIFERY.

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE, RECENTLY from Halifax, N. S. Diploma and highest testimonials of proficiency from the University of Edinburgh. Calls promptly attended to. Residence, corner of Douglas and Cormorant street over Gosnell's grocery store mar13